# **Dynegy Zimmer, LLC**

## ZIMMER POWER STATION MOSCOW, CLERMONT COUNTY, OHIO

## **Emergency Action Plan (EAP)**

#### 40 CFR § 257.73(a)(3) Coal Combustion Residual (CCR) Impoundments & Related Facilities

- Coal Pile Runoff Pond (NID # OH01393)
- D Basin (NID # OH01393)

**Revision Date: April 13, 2017** 

Qualified Professional Engineer Certification; Emergency Action Plan for the Zimmer Power Station Coal Pile Runoff Pond and D Basin.

In accordance with 40 CFR 257.73(a)(3)(iv), the owner or operator of a CCR unit that is required to prepare a written Emergency Action Plan under 40 CFR 257.73(a)(3) must obtain a certification from a qualified professional engineer stating that the written Emergency Action Plan meets the requirements of 40 CFR 257.73(a)(3).

I, David Hayson, being a Professional Engineer in good standing in the State of Ohio, do hereby certify, to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief that:

- 1. the information contained in this Emergency Action Plan was prepared in accordance with the accepted practice of engineering; and
- 2. this Emergency Action Plan meets the requirements of 40 CFR 257.73(a)(3).

SIGNATURE

Stantec Consulting Services Inc.

DATE 4/13/17

ADDRESS:

Stantec Consulting Services Inc 11687 Lebanon Road Cincinnati OH 45241-2012

TELEPHONE: (513) 842-8200



Section

#### ZIMMER POWER STATION EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN CCR IMPOUNDMENTS & RELATED FACILITIES

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

500		<u>1 ugo</u>
1	STATEMENT OF PURPOSE	1
2	COMMUNICATION	4
3	EAP ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES	8
4	EAP RESPONSE	9
5	PREPAREDNESS	14
6	FACILITY/IMPOUNDMENT DESCRIPTION	17
7	BREACH INUNDATION MAPS AND POTENTIAL IMPACTS	19

#### List of Tables

# Table 2-1. EAP Emergency Responders7Table 3-1. Summary of EAP Roles8Table 4-1. Guidance for Determining the Response Level9Table 4-2. Impoundment Trigger Elevations10Table 4-3. Step 3: Emergency Actions11Table 5-1. Emergency Supplies and Equipment15Table 5-2. Supplier Addresses16Table 6-1. Station Impoundment Characteristics18

#### List of Figures

#### Figure

Table

Figure 1-1. Zimmer Power Station Location Map	2
Figure 1-2. Zimmer Power Station CCR Impoundments & Related Facilities	3
Figure 2-1. Summary/Sequence of Tasks 4-Step Incident Response Process	4
Figure 2-2. Notification Flowchart	5
Figure 2-3. EAP Response Process Decision Tree	6
Figure 7-1. Coal Pile Runoff Pond Inundation Map	20
Figure 7-2. D Basin Inundation Map	21

### Page

#### Page

#### <u>Page</u>

#### ZIMMER POWER STATION EMERGENCY ACTION PLAN CCR IMPOUNDMENTS & RELATED FACILITIES

#### **1 STATEMENT OF PURPOSE**

The Zimmer Power Station (Station) is located near Moscow in Clermont County, Ohio. The location is shown in Figure 1-1. The Station is a coal-fired electricity producing power plant operated by Dynegy Zimmer, LLC, a subsidiary of Dynegy. This Emergency Action Plan (EAP) was prepared in accordance with 40 CFR § 257.73(a)(3) and covers the following Coal Combustion Residual (CCR) surface impoundments located at the site:

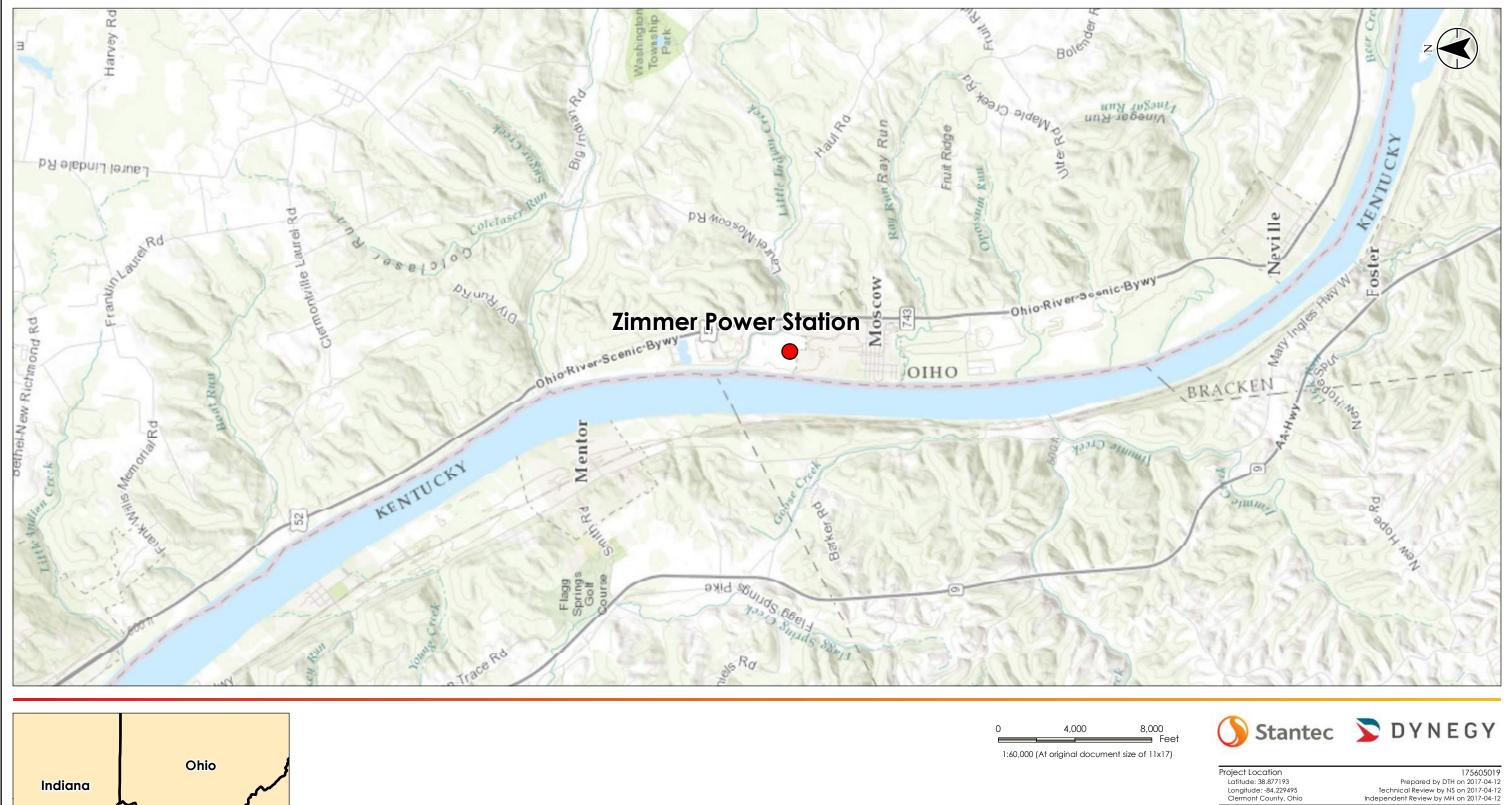
- Coal Pile Runoff Pond
- D Basin

The locations of these impoundments are shown in Figure 1-2. Section 6 of this EAP includes a description of each impoundment.

The purpose of this Emergency Action Plan (EAP) is to:

- 1. Safeguard the lives, as well as to reduce property damage, of citizens living within potential downstream flood inundation areas of CCR impoundments and related facilities at the Zimmer Power Station.
- 2. Define the events or circumstances involving the CCR impoundments and related facilities at the Zimmer Power Station that represent atypical operating conditions that pose a safety hazard or emergency and how to identify those conditions.
- 3. Define responsible persons, their responsibilities, and notification procedures in the event of a safety emergency.
- 4. Provide contact information of emergency responders.
- 5. Identify emergency actions in the event of a potential or imminent failure of the impoundments.
- 6. Identify the downstream area that would be affected by failure of the impoundments.
- 7. Provide for effective facility surveillance, prompt notification to local Emergency Management Agencies, citizen warning and notification responses, and preparation should an emergency occur.

Information provided by Dynegy was utilized and relied upon in preparation of this report.





Notes 1. Coordinate System: WGS 1984 Web Mercator Auxiliary Sphere

Aerial Source: Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLome, Intermap, Increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO,
 NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Client/Project Zimmer Power Station Emergency Action Plan

Figure No. 1-1

Title Location Map





Notes

Indiana West Virginia Kentucky Coordinate System: WGS 1984 Web Mercator Auxiliary Sphere
 Aerial Source: Clermont County. Dated 2015. 6-Inch Resolution.
 Impoundment Boundaries Provided by Client (Dated 9/9/2015)

isclaimer: Stantec assumes no responsibility for data supplied in electronic format. The recipient accepts full responsibility for verifying the accuracy and completeness of the data. The recipient releases Stantec, its officers, employees, consultants and agents, from any and all claims arising in any way from the content or provision of the data.

Project Location Latitude: 38.877193 Longitude: -84.229495 Clermont County, Ohio

175605019 Prepared by DTH on 2017-04-12 Technical Review by NS on 2017-04-12 Independent Review by MH on 2017-04-12

Client/Project Zimmer Power Station Emergency Action Plan

Figure No. 1-2

Title **CCR** Impoundments

#### 2 COMMUNICATION

To facilitate understanding among everyone involved in implementing this EAP, four response levels are used to identify the condition of an impoundment. These are:

#### **Response Levels:**

- **Level 0:** Normal conditions and routine operations, including surveillance and initial investigation of unusual conditions and effects of storm events.
- <u>Level 1</u>: Potentially hazardous condition exists, requiring investigation and possible corrective action.
- <u>Level 2</u>: Potential failure situation is developing; possible mode of failure is being assessed; corrective measures are underway.
- Level 3: Failure is occurring or is imminent, public protective actions are required.

The 4-Step Incident Response Process is outlined in Figure 2-1. This should be used in conjunction with the Notification Flowchart (Figure 2-2) and EAP Decision Tree (Figure 2-3). Section 4 provides guidance tables for determining Response Levels and a table providing emergency actions to be taken given various situations. Table 2-1 lists contact information for the emergency responders.

#### Figure 2-1. Summary/Sequence of Tasks 4-Step Incident Response Process

#### Step 1: Detection, Evaluation, and Response Level Determination

Sequence of Tasks:

- Notify EAP Coordinator, Station Management (Director and Engineering), and Dynegy Dam Safety Manager of unusual condition detected and confer on next steps needed.
- Conduct technical evaluation of conditions as needed.
- Determine Response Level based on evaluation. (Table 4-1)
- Reset Response Level as revised evaluations warrant.

#### **Step 2: Notification**

Sequence of Tasks:

- Notify authorities, designated personnel, and external response partners of change in Response Level, using the Notification Flowchart. (Figure 2-2)
- *Re-notify authorities, designated personnel, and external response partners as Response Level is changed.*

#### **Step 3: Emergency Actions**

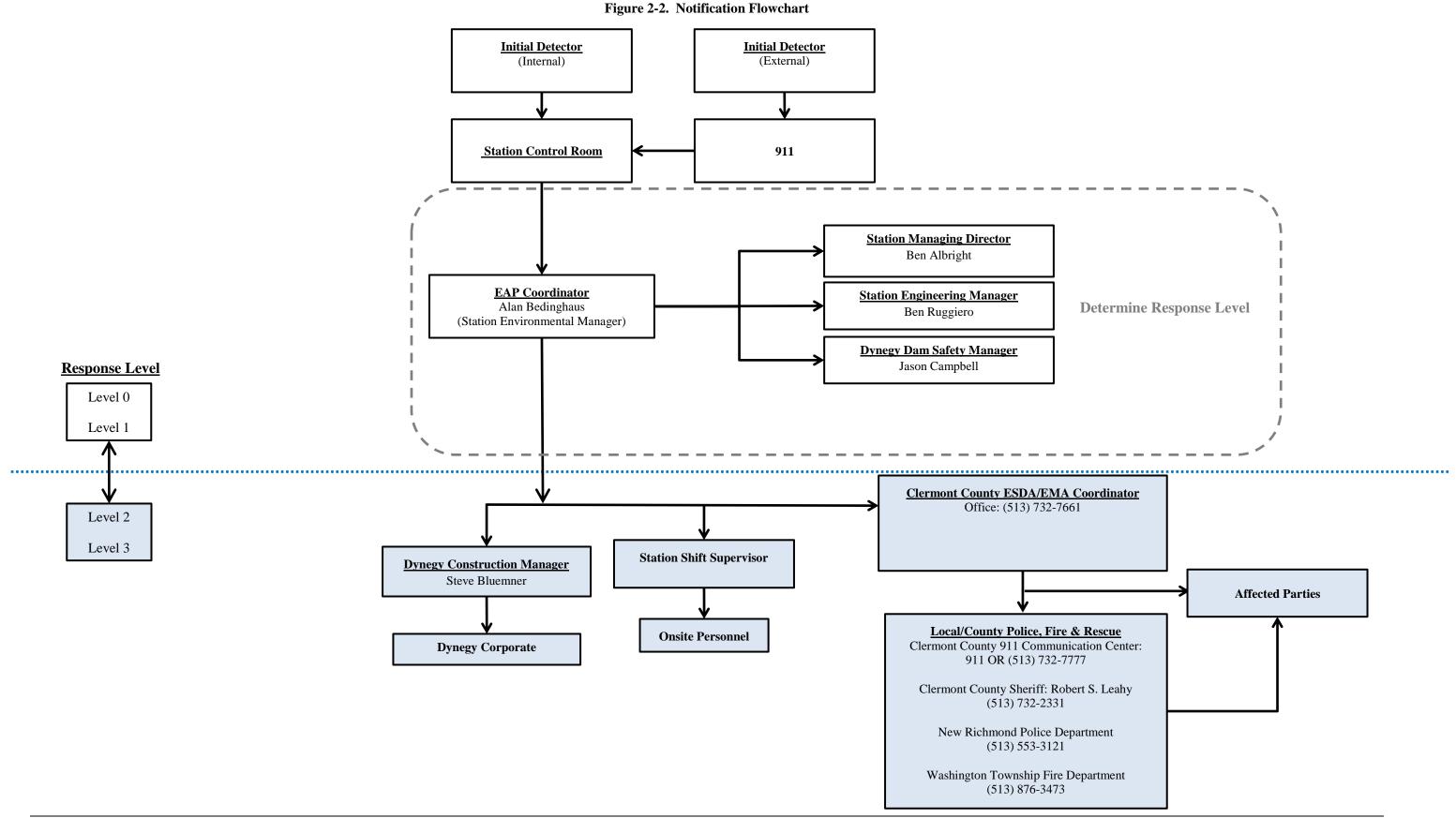
Sequence of Tasks:

- Perform emergency actions with goal of saving the impoundment and minimizing impacts to life, property, and environment. (Table 4-3)
- Take continuous actions to include situation assessment, information sharing, remediation, and public safety advisories or warnings, as warranted.
- Revise action plan as changes in conditions warrant.

#### Step 4: Follow-up

Sequence of Tasks:

- Document conditions and decisions in the Emergency Incident Log.
- Notify authorities, designated personnel, and external response partners that condition is stabilized; limit incident termination declarations to conditions at the site.
- Conduct and document after-action review of incident and response.



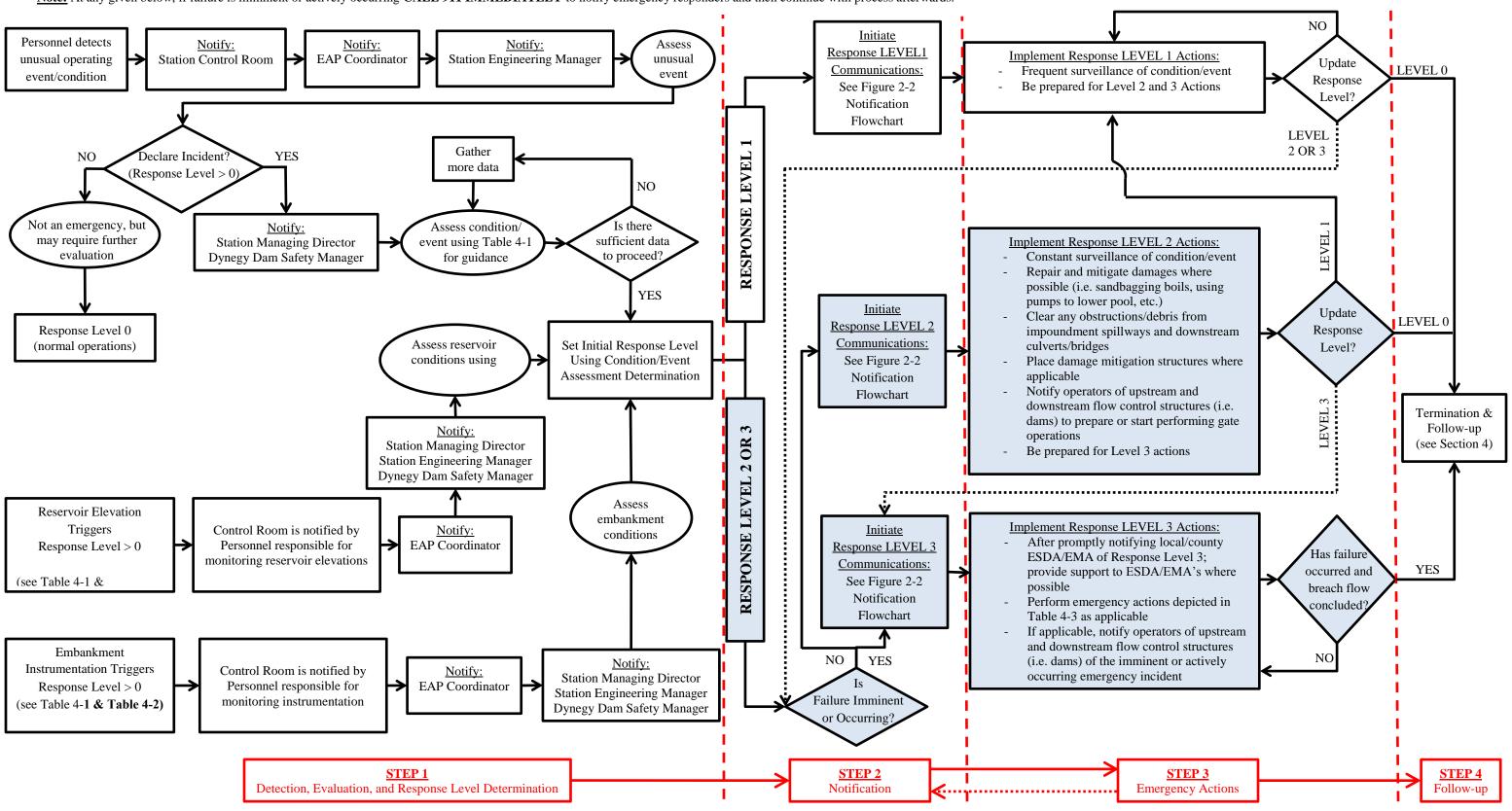


Figure 2-3. EAP Response Process Decision Tree

Note: At any given below, if failure is imminent or actively occurring CALL 911 IMMEDIATELY to notify emergency responders and then continue with process afterwards.

Zimmer Power Station, Moscow, Clermont County, Ohio

Position / Entity		Contact I	nformation		
	Internal Contacts				
Zimmer Power Station	Contact				
Managing Director	Ben Albright				
Environmental Manager (EAP Coordinator)	Alan Bedingha	us	(	513) 305-4814	
Engineering Manager	Ben Ruggiero	)			
Control Room			(	513) 467-5205	
Dynegy Corporate Operations			ntact		
Dam Safety Manager	Jason Campbe		(	618) 792-8488	
Construction Manager	Steve Bluemne	er			
	<b>External Contacts</b>				
Local/County ESDA/EMA, Police, & Fire	Contact	Pho	ne #	Alternate Phone #	
Clermont County 911 Emergency Communication Center		9	11	(513) 732-7777	
Clermont County – ESDA/EMA	Clermont County EMA	(513) 7	32-7661		
New Richmond – Police Department	Chief Randy Harvey	(513) 553-3121			
Clermont County – Sheriff Department	Sheriff Robert S. Leahy	(513) 732-2331		(513) 732-7500	
Washington Township – Fire Department	Chief Dana Kellenberger	(513) 8	76-3473	(513) 876-3740	
State Emergency Management Agencies & Organizations	Contact	Phone #		Alternate Phone #	
Ohio Department of Natural Resources - Wildlife		1(800) 9	945-3543	(614) 265-6314	

#### Table 2-1. EAP Emergency Responders

#### **3** EAP ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Table 3-1 provides a summary of the EAP roles during an emergency event.

Table 3-1.	Summary of EAP Roles
------------	----------------------

Entity	Role Description
Dynegy Emergency Response Team (ERT)	<ul> <li>ERT: Dynegy personnel responsible for EAP implementation, distribution, updates/maintenance, and training activities. The <u>ERT</u> is comprised of the following roles;</li> <li>1. Dynegy Corporate: Dynegy corporate entity, committee, team, or position with relevant responsibility for a given generating station.</li> <li>2. Station Management: Personnel responsible for day-to-day operation and management of the Station.</li> <li>3. Dam Safety Manager: Personnel that is most knowledgeable about the design and technical operation of facilities at a given Station.</li> <li>4. EAP Coordinator: Personnel responsible for implementing the EAP and associated activities. <u>Emergency Event – EAP Responsibilities</u></li> <li>1. Respond to emergencies at the Station.</li> <li>2. Verify and assess emergency conditions.</li> <li>3. Notify and coordinate as appropriate with participating emergency services disaster agencies, and all other entities involved or affected by this EAP.</li> <li>4. Take corrective action at the Station.</li> <li>5. Declare termination of emergencies at the Station.</li> </ul>
Clermont County ESDA/EMA	<ol> <li>Receive Response Level reports from <u>Dynegy Corporate</u> through <u>EAP Coordinator</u>.</li> <li>Coordinate emergency response activities with local authorities: police, fire and rescue, etc.</li> <li>Coordinate notification of public as necessary through established channels, which may include door-to-door contact.</li> <li>Coordinate notification activities to affected parties within inundation areas.</li> <li>Evaluate risk to areas beyond the inundation areas, communicate needs to <u>Dynegy Corporate</u> and/or <u>EAP Coordinator</u>, and coordinate aid as appropriate.</li> <li>Responsible for declaring termination of an emergency condition off-site upon receiving notification of an emergency status termination from <u>Dynegy Corporate</u>.</li> <li>If necessary, coordinate with <u>State ESDA/EMA</u>.</li> </ol>
New Richmond Police, Washington Township Fire, and Rescue Clermont County Police, Fire and Rescue, and Emergency Services	<ol> <li>Receive alert status reports from the <u>ERT</u> or the <u>County ESDA/EMA</u>.</li> <li>If necessary, notify affected parties and general public within inundation areas (see Section 7).</li> <li>Render assistance to Clermont ESDA/EMA, as necessary.</li> <li>Render assistance to <u>Dynegy Corporate</u> and <u>Station Management</u>, as necessary.</li> <li>Receive alert status reports from the <u>ERT</u> or the <u>County ESDA/EMA</u>.</li> <li>If necessary, notify affected parties within the inundation area.</li> <li>Provide mutual aid to other affected areas, if requested and able.</li> </ol>

#### 4 EAP RESPONSE

The 4-Step Incident Response Process is shown in Figure 2-1. The Decision Tree shown in Figure 2-3 provides a flowchart for the various elements of the response process. Upon reaching Step 4 of the response process (termination and follow-up), the EAP Coordinator is responsible for notifying the ESDA/EMA's that the condition of the dam/impoundment has been stabilized. The purpose of this section is to provide specific information that can be used during a response. This information is provided in the following tables:

- Table 4-1 provides guidance for determining the response level.
- Table 4-2 provides impoundment pool level trigger elevations.
- Table 4-3 lists emergency actions to be taken depending on the situation.

Event	Situation	<b>Response Level</b>
	Primary spillway flow is not causing active erosion and impoundment water surface elevation is below auxiliary spillway crest elevation (if equipped).	Level 0
	Impoundment water surface elevation is at or above auxiliary spillway crest elevation (if equipped). No active erosion caused by spillway flow.	Level 1
Spillway flow	Spillway flow actively causing minor erosion that is not threatening the control section or dam/impoundment stability.	Level 2
(see Table 4-2 for	Spillway flow that could result in flooding of people downstream if the reservoir level continues to rise.	Level 2
relevant elevations)	Abnormal operation of the spillway system due to blockage or damage that could lead to flooding.	Level 2
	Spillway flow actively eroding the soil around the spillway that is threatening the control section (e.g. undermining) or dam/impoundment stability.	Level 3
	Spillway flow that is flooding people downstream.	Level 3
Embankment	Impoundment water surface elevation at or below typical normal pool fluctuation elevation.	Level 0
overtopping (see	Impoundment water surface elevation above typical normal pool fluctuation elevation.	Level 1
Table 4-2 for	Impoundment water surface elevation above high normal pool fluctuation elevation.	Level 2
relevant elevations)	Impoundment water surface elevation at or above embankment crest elevation.	Level 3
	New seepage areas in or near the dam/impoundment with clear flow.	Level 1
Seepage	New seepage areas with cloudy discharge or increasing flow rate.	Level 2
	Heavy seepage with active erosion, muddy flow, and/or sand boils.	Level 3
	Observation of new sinkhole in impoundment area or on embankment.	Level 2
Sinkholes	Rapidly enlarging sinkhole and/or whirlpool in the impoundment.	Level 3
	New cracks in the embankment greater than <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> inch wide without seepage.	Level 1
Embankment	Any crack in the embankment with seepage.	Level 2
cracking	Enlarging cracks with muddy seepage.	Level 3

#### Table 4-1. Guidance for Determining the Response Level

Event	Situation	<b>Response Level</b>
	Visual signs of movement/slippage of the embankment slope.	Level 1
Embankment movement	Detectable active movement/slippage of the embankment slope or other related effects (tension cracking, bulges/heaves, etc.) that could threaten the integrity of the embankment.	Level 2
	Sudden or rapidly proceeding slides of the embankment slopes.	Level 3
Embankment	Instrumentation readings beyond historic normal.	Level 1
Monitoring Equipment	Instrumentation readings indicate the embankment is susceptible to failure.	Level 2
(piezometers, inclinometers, surface displacement mounts, etc.)	Instrumentation readings indicate embankment is at threshold of failure or is currently failing.	Level 3
	Measurable earthquake felt or reported on or within 100 miles of the impoundment.	Level 1
Earthquake or other	Earthquake or other event resulting in visible damage to the impoundment or appurtenances.	Level 2
event	Earthquake or other event resulting in uncontrolled release of water or materials from the impoundment.	Level 3
Security	Verified bomb threat or other physical threat that, if carried out, could result in damage to the impoundment.	Level 2
threat	Detonated bomb or other physical damage that has resulted in damage to the impoundment or appurtenances.	Level 3
	Damage to impoundment or appurtenance with no impact to the functioning of the impoundment.	Level 1
Sabotage/ vandalism	Modification to the impoundment or appurtenances that could adversely impact the functioning of the impoundment. This would include unauthorized operation of spillway facilities.	Level 2
	Damage to impoundment or appurtenances that has resulted in seepage flow.	Level 2
	Damage to impoundment or appurtenances that has resulted in uncontrolled water release.	Level 3

#### Table 4-2. Impoundment Trigger Elevations

Two our descent	Embankment Crest	Auxiliary Spillway	Normal Pool Fluctuation	
Impoundment	Elevation	<b>Crest Elevation</b>	Typical	High
Coal Pile Runoff Pond	509.2 ft.	Not Applicable	507.2 ft.*	507.5 ft.
D Basin	510 ft.	Not Applicable	None	None

Notes: \*Elevation estimated from 2014 Topographic survey prepared by ESP Associates, P.A. – September 2014

Condition	Description of Condition	Action to be Taken
High Water Level/ Large Spillway Release	See Table 4-1 and Table 4-2 for elevations and triggering water levels associated with the impoundments and spillways covered by this EAP.	<ol> <li>Assess cause of increased reservoir stage, especially during fair weather conditions.</li> <li>Determine Response Level.</li> <li>Make proper notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart.</li> <li>Perform additional tasks as determined through consultation with the ERT.</li> <li>Make notifications if condition worsens such that downstream flooding is imminent.</li> <li><b>Response Level 0</b>: require enhanced surveillance 3 times per day <b>Response Level 1</b>: contact internal chain of command and external response partners as necessary; inspect impoundment minimum 1 time per hour</li> <li><b>Response Level 2</b>: contact internal chain of command; notify ESDA/EMA's and notify external response partners. ESDA/EMA's notify affected parties.</li> <li><b>Response Level 3</b>: contact internal chain of command; notify ESDA/EMA's and notify external response partners. ESDA/EMA's notify affected parties.</li> </ol>
Seepage	Localized new seepage or boil(s) observed along downstream face / toe of earthen embankment with muddy discharge and increasing but controllable discharge of water.	<ol> <li>Measure and record feature dimensions, approximate flow rate, and relative location to existing surface features. Take photos. Document location on a site plan and in inspection notes.</li> <li>Determine Response Level.</li> <li>Make proper notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart.</li> <li>ERT (with Dam Safety Manager as lead) to determine mitigation actions. The following actions may apply:         <ul> <li>Place a ring of sand bags with a weir at the top towards the natural drainage path to monitor flow rate. If boil becomes too large to sand bag, place a blanket filter over the area using non-woven filter fabric and pea gravel. Attempt to contain flow in such a manner (without performing any excavations) that flow rates can be measured. Stockpile gravel and sand fill for later use, if necessary.</li> <li>Inspect the embankment and collect piezometer, water level and seepage flow data daily unless otherwise instructed by the Dam Safety Manager. Record any changes of conditions. Carefully observe embankment for signs of depressions, seepage, sinkholes, cracking or movement.</li> <li>Maintain continuous monitoring of feature. Record measured flow rate and any changes of condition, including presence or absence of muddy discharge.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Make notifications as outlined in the lower portion of the Notification Flowchart (Figure 2-2) if condition worsens such that failure is imminent.</li> </ol>

Table 4-3.	Step 3:	Emergency	Actions
------------	---------	-----------	---------

Table 4-5. Step 5: Enlergency Actions				
Condition	Description of Condition	Action to be Taken		
Sabotage and Miscellaneous Other Issues	Criminal action with significant damage to embankment or structures where significant repairs are required and the integrity of the facility is compromised— condition appears stable with time.	<ol> <li>Contact law enforcement authorities and restrict all access (except emergency responders) to impoundment. Restrict traffic on embankment crest to essential emergency operations only.</li> <li>Determine Response Level.</li> <li>Make internal notifications as outlined in the upper portion of the Notification Flowchart (Figure 2-2).</li> <li>In conjunction with the Dam Safety Manager, assess extent of damage and visually inspect entire embankment and ancillary structures for additional less obvious damage. Based on inspection results, confirm if extent of damage to various components of the impoundment warrants a revised Response Level and additional notifications.</li> <li>Perform additional tasks as directed by the ERT.</li> <li>Make notifications if conditions worsen.</li> </ol>		
Embankment Deformation	Cracks: New longitudinal (along the embankment) or transverse (across the embankment) cracks more than 6 inches deep or more than 3 inches wide or increasing with time. New concave cracks on or near the embankment crest associated with slope movement.	<ol> <li>Measure and record feature dimensions, approximate flow rate, and relative location to existing surface features. Take photos. Document location on a site plan and in inspection notes.</li> <li>Restrict traffic on embankment crest to essential emergency operations only.</li> <li>Determine Response Level.</li> <li>Make notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart</li> <li>ERT (with Dam Safety Manager as lead) to determine mitigation actions. The following actions may apply:         <ul> <li>Place buttress fill against base of slope immediately below surface feature. Stock pile additional fill.</li> <li>Place sand bags as necessary around crack area to divert any storm water runoff from flowing into crack(s).</li> </ul> </li> <li>As directed by the Dam Safety Manager, additional inspection and monitoring of the dam may be required. Items may include; inspect the dam on a schedule determined by the engineers; collect piezometer and water level data; and record any changes of condition. Carefully observe dam for signs of depressions, seepage, sinkholes, cracking or movement.</li> <li>Make notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart if conditions worsen such that failure is imminent.</li> </ol>		

Table 4-3.	Step 3:	Emergency	Actions
------------	---------	-----------	---------

Condition	Description of Condition	Action to be Taken
	Slides / Erosion: Deep slide / erosion (greater than 2 feet deep) on the embankment that may also extend beyond the embankment toe but does not encroach onto the embankment crest and appears stable with time.	<ol> <li>Measure and record feature dimensions, approximate flow rate, and relative location to existing surface features. Take photos. Document location on a site plan and in inspection report.</li> <li>Restrict traffic on embankment crest to essential emergency operations only.</li> <li>Determine the Response Level.</li> <li>Make notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart.</li> <li>ERT (with Dam Safety Manager as lead) to determine mitigation actions. Additional actions may include the following items.         <ul> <li>Place sand bags as necessary around slide area to divert any storm water runoff from flowing into slide(s).</li> <li>Increase inspections of the dam; collect piezometer and water level data; and record any changes of condition. During inspections, carefully observe dam for signs of depressions, seepage, sinkholes, cracking or movement.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Make notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart if conditions worsen such that failure is imminent.</li> </ol>
Embankment Deformation (cont.)	Sinkholes: Small depression observed on the embankment or within 50 feet of the embankment toe that is less than 5 feet deep and 30 feet wide or which is increasing with time.	<ol> <li>Slowly open drain gates to lower pool elevation.</li> <li>Measure and record feature dimensions, approximate flow rate, and relative location to existing surface features. Take photos. Document location on a site plan and in inspection notes.</li> <li>Restrict traffic on embankment crest to essential emergency operations only.</li> <li>Determine Response Level.</li> <li>Make notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart.</li> <li>ERT (with Dam Safety Manager as lead) to determine mitigation actions. Additional actions may include the following items:         <ul> <li>Backfill the depression with relatively clean earth fill (free of organic materials) generally even with surrounding grade and slightly mounded (6 to 12 inches higher) in the center in order to shed storm water away from the depression. Stock pile additional fill.</li> <li>Increase inspections of the dam; collect piezometer and water level data daily unless otherwise instructed by Dam Safety Manager; and record any changes of condition. Carefully observe dam for signs of depressions, seepage, sinkholes, cracking or movement.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Make notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart if conditions worsen such that failure is imminent.</li> </ol>
Gate Malfunction or Failure	Sluice gate damaged structurally (sabotage, debris, etc.) with uncontrolled release of water at a constant volume. Condition appears stable.	<ol> <li>Close any other gates, if open.</li> <li>Determine Response Level.</li> <li>Make notifications as outlined in the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart.</li> <li>Obtain instructions from the Dam Safety Manager to determine if there are other methods to stop or slow down the flow of water.</li> <li>If conditions worsen such that failure is imminent, make notifications as outlined in the lower portion of the Figure 2-2 Notification Flowchart</li> </ol>

Table 4-3.	Step 3:	Emergency	Actions
------------	---------	-----------	---------

#### 5 PREPAREDNESS

The intent of this section is to provide information that will be utilized during a response. Established emergency supplies and locations, suppliers, and equipment are provided in Table 5-1. Supplier contact information is listed in Table 5-2.

A coordination meeting shall be conducted annually between representatives of Dynegy Zimmer, LLC and local emergency responders. This meeting may be in the form of a face-to-face meeting, tabletop exercise, or additional training regarding the EAP.

Item	On-site (Yes/No/Occasionally)	Remarks	
Flashlights			
Generator			
Extension Cords	Yes	Typically at Zimmer Power Station Maintenance Facility, contact Shift Supervisor for location(s).	
Fire extinguishers		Supervisor for focation(s).	
Floodlights			
Backhoe	No	Contact The Nelson Stark Company, Utter Construction (see Table 5-2) and/or other nearby large equipment rental providers for additional large equipment as necessary.	
Dozer	Yes	One CAT D8T and one CAT D6N. Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s).	
Large Equipment (Rental – including excavating equipment, pumps, lighting)	Yes	One Hyundai 290 Long Reach Excavator, one CAT 980H Rubber Tire Loader and one CAT IT28G Rubber Tire Loader, two 4000 gallon capacity water trucks, two 637G Motor Scrapers, one Chevy crew cab pickup truck, one New Holland LS125 Skid Steer, one Bobcat 463 Skid Steer, one POSI TRAK RC60 Skid Steer, one 84-inch hamm smooth drum roller, one 500 gallon fuel/lube wagon, three light plants, two industrial vacuum trucks, one John Boat, and an MV Pleasant. Contact The Nelson Stark Company, Utter Construction (see Table 5-2) and/or other nearby large equipment rental providers for additional large equipment as necessary.	
Dump Truck	Yes	Six 35 ton Mountain Mack dump trucks. Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s).	
Pump and Hoses	Yes	Three Portable Water Pumps. Contact Shift Supervisor for availability and location(s). Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s). Contact Allied Technical Services or Sunbelt Rentals for high capacity portable pumps (see Table 5-2).	
Sandbags and Sand	Yes	Soil stockpiled on-site. Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s). Contact Dayton Bag & Burlap or Max Katz Bag Company, Inc for additional sandbags (see Table 5-2).	
Fill (Stone, aggregate, sand)	Yes	Medium sized aggregate available on-site. Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s). Contact listed suppliers in Table 5-2 for gravel, sand, and riprap fill as necessary.	
Concrete/grout	No	Contact Ernst Concrete and/or City Wide Ready Mix for concrete/grout (see Table 5-2).	
Geotextile Filter Fabric	No		
Plastic Sheeting	No		
Rope	No		
Personal Flotation Devices	Yes	Contact Shift Supervisor for location(s) and availability.	

Table 5-2. Supplier Addresses			
Supply/Rental Item(s)	Supplier Contact Information	Distance from Site (miles)	Address
Backhoe, Large Equipment (Rental – including	The Nelson Stark Company (513) 489-0866	36.3	7685 Fields Ertel Rd #3 Cincinnati, OH 45241
excavating equipment, pumps, lighting)	<u>Utter Construction</u> (513) 876-8616	11.1	1302 OH-133 Bethel, OH 45106
Dump and Hoses	Allied Technical Services (513) 793-0499	37.5	3460 Mustafa Drive Cincinnati, OH 45241
Pump and Hoses	Sunbelt Rentals (859) 283-5544	37.9	2970 E Crescentville Road West Chester Township, OH 45069
Fill	Kipp's Gravel Company, Inc. (513) 732-1024	22.5	4987 OH-222 Batavia, OH 45103
(Stone, aggregate, sand)	Arch Materials LLC (513) 724-7625	24.5	4438 OH-276 Batavia, OH 45103
Sandbags and Sand	(937) 253-1726	76.4	322 Davis Avenue Dayton, OH 45403
Sandbags and Sand	<u>Max Katz Bag Company, Inc.</u> (317) 635-9561	133	235 S La Salle Street Indianapolis, IN 46201
Concrete/grout	Ernst Concrete (513) 398-9613	51.5	107 River Cir. #1 Fairfield, OH 45014
Concrete/grout	City Wide Ready Mix (513) 533-1111	24.2	5623 Wooster Pike Cincinnati, OH 45226

#### 6 FACILITY/IMPOUNDMENT DESCRIPTION

The impoundments included in this EAP are described as follows and illustrated in Figure 1-2. Table 6-1 contains additional geometric details for each impoundment.

Zimmer Power Station is located to the north of the Village of Moscow in Monroe Township and Washington Township, Clermont County, Ohio. The station is bounded to the west by the Ohio River, to the east by US 52, and to the south by the village of Moscow, approximately 22 miles to the southeast of downtown Cincinnati.

The Coal Pile Runoff Pond is part of the Wastewater Pond Complex and is located about 3,000 feet north of the power house. The Coal Pile Runoff Pond is a diked impoundment constructed from native soils excavated from the site (primarily clayey soils with low permeability) and sand dredged from the Ohio River. The pond was constructed in the late 1980s when the Zimmer Power Station was converted into a coal fired operation facility. Including the embankment, the footprint of the Coal Pile Runoff Pond is approximately 4 acres. The total storage capacity of the Coal Pile Runoff Pond is approximately 17 acre-feet with an invert elevation of approximately 498 feet. A normal pool within the Coal Pile Runoff Pond is maintained around 507.2 feet per a Topographic Survey conducted in 2014 (stored water volume of approximately 12.5 acre-feet).

The main inflow to the Coal Pile Runoff Pond is precipitation which is either falls directly on the pond or runs off the embankment. Additionally, flow from D Basin (runoff from the coal pile) is pumped from a sump located at an elevation of 482 feet along the west dike through two 6-inch diameter high density polyethylene (HDPE) pipes into the Coal Pile Runoff Pond. The Wastewater Pond Complex discharge to the Ohio River is permitted as Outfall 005 under OEPA Permit #1IB00011\*JD and NPDES permit #OH0048836.

D Basin is a diked impoundment. Drawing files indicate that D Basin was constructed after 2002 as a dewatering basin. Including the embankment, the footprint of D Basin is approximately 9 acres. Aerial imagery does not show a normal pool within D Basin. The lowest crest elevation of the impoundment is approximately 510 feet. The crest is approximately 55 feet above the normal pool elevation of the Ohio River. Flow from D Basin is pumped from a sump along the west dike through two 6-inch diameter high density polyethylene (HDPE) pipes into the Coal Pile Runoff Pond to the north.

Feature/Parameter	<b>Coal Pile Runoff Pond</b>	D Basin
Maximum Embankment Height	15 ft.	7 ft.
Length of Dam	1,500 ft.	2,600 ft.
Crest Width	40 ft.	20 ft.
Crest Elevation	509.2 ft.	510 ft.
Reservoir Area at Top of Dam	2.6 acres	5.2 acres
Storage Capacity at Top of Dam	17 acre-ft.	4 acre-ft.
Primary Spillway Type	18" Steel Pipe (submerged)*	Sump Pump to two 6-inch HDPE pipes
Primary Spillway Crest Elevation	Approximately 507.5 ft.	Not Applicable
Storage Capacity at Primary Spillway Elevation	14 acre-ft.	Not Applicable
Reservoir Area at Normal Water Surface Elevation	2.2 acres	Not Applicable
Auxiliary Spillway Type	15" Pipe	Not Applicable
Auxiliary Spillway Crest Elevation	507.9 ft.	Not Applicable

**Table 6-1. Station Impoundment Characteristics** 

Notes:

•\*Source: "Dam Safety Assessment of CCW Impoundments – WH Zimmer Station", Prepared for United States Environmental Protection Agency by O'Brien & Gere Engineers, Inc. September 27, 2010. All remaining values are GIS estimated.

•Survey Data obtained from (Topographic Survey of Duke Ash Ponds at the Zimmer Power Station, prepared by ESP Associates, P.A. – September, 2014)

•2.5-Feet Resolution LiDAR DEM - Downloaded from http://ogrip.oit.ohio.gov/ (January, 2016)

•Elevations are in reference to Mean Sea Level (MSL), NAVD88.

#### 7 BREACH INUNDATION MAPS AND POTENTIAL IMPACTS

Inundation maps for the Coal Pile Runoff Pond and D Basin potential breach scenarios are provided in this section. It is the Clermont County ESDA/EMA's responsibility to keep a current list of affected parties/properties to contact in the case of emergencies that result in Response Level 2 or 3. This list should encompass all properties within and adjacent to the probable inundation extents shown in the provided maps.

The methodology used to identify probable inundation extents for potential breach scenarios varied as a function of the impoundment size, location, surrounding topography, and surrounding structures/facilities/waterbodies.

A visual analysis was performed for the Coal Pile Runoff Pond and D Basin to determine possible inundation limits for each breach scenario. The inundation limits were mapped using a combination of digital elevation data from the topographic survey prepared by ESP Associates, P.A. – September, 2014 and DEM data downloaded from the Ohio OGRIP website. Stage-storage capacity was considered when the impoundment could breach into an adjacent basin.

Approximate inundation areas are illustrated in Figure 7-1 and Figure 7-2.

