



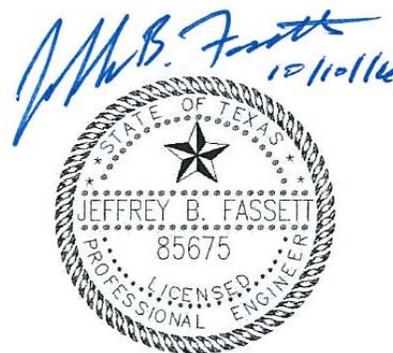
REPORT

SAFETY FACTOR ASSESSMENT REPORT

Big Brown Steam Electric Station

Submitted To: Luminant
1601 Bryan Street
Dallas, TX 75201

Submitted By: Golder Associates Inc.
500 Century Plaza Drive, Suite 190
Houston, TX 77073 USA



Professional Engineering Firm
Registration Number F-2578

October 2016

Project No. 164816401





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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

The “Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals (CCR) from Electric Utilities rule” (40 Code of Federal Regulations (40 CFR) Part 257), effective October 19, 2015, requires that existing CCR surface impoundments meeting the requirements of §257.73(b) conduct initial and periodic safety factor assessments in accordance with §257.73(e). This report provides the safety factor assessment for the Big Brown Steam Electric Station’s (BBSES’s) CCR Impoundment, identified as the North Bottom Ash Pond (NBAP) and the South Bottom Ash Pond (SBAP), also referred to collectively as the Bottom Ash Ponds (BAP).

1.2 Site Background

The BBSES generates fly ash, bottom ash and boiler slag during electricity generation. The NBAP and SBAP are active, clay lined, excavated impoundments surrounded and separated by an engineered earthen berm. Each pond receives a slurry of bottom ash/boiler slag and water and is used to separate the solids from the water using gravity sedimentation. Water decanted from the ponds is returned to the power plant. Separated solids accumulate in the ponds and are periodically removed and placed in an adjacent surface lignite mine operated by an affiliated Luminant company (Luminant Mining Company). Refer to Figure 1. This is the only CCR surface impoundment at the BBSES.

1.3 Previous Evaluations

Golder performed previous evaluations on the BAP as part of the below report submitted to Luminant:

- Ash Pond Slope Stability Investigation Report, Big Brown Power Plant, Freestone County, Texas, dated November 2012

In the study, we have reviewed the previous analyses, modified the analyses where needed, and added suitable cases to evaluate whether the ponds meet the required safety factors in §257.73(e)(1)(i)-(iv).



2.0 SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

2.1 Regional Geology

The BBSES site is located in the western part of the East Texas Basin along the edge of the East Texas Salt Structure Province. Surface geology comprises of the Wilcox formation – irregularly bedded fine to coarse sand, more or less lignitic clay or lignite. Other formations in the region include the Carrizo Sand, the Queen City Sand and Sparta Sand (Guyton & Associates, 1972; Galloway et al, 1983).

2.2 Site Geology

Surficial soils in Big Brown consist of loamy, moderately permeable, gently to moderately sloping, well-drained soils. Underlying soils consist of randomly sorted strata containing shale, clayey, and sandy materials (USDA 2002). Despite the abrupt changes in dip, there is no evidence of faulting in the region of the BBSES site (ERM-Southwest Inc., 1986).

2.2.1 Subsurface Investigations and Laboratory Testing

Information from a previous subsurface investigation was used to characterize the subsurface site conditions. Golder conducted a subsurface investigation for the BAP in October 2012, as part of a slope stability evaluation. Golder completed six borings through the crest of the pond embankment at an elevation of approximately 350 feet – mean sea level (ft-msl). The boring depths ranged from 30 to 50 feet below ground surface (bgs) (Golder, 2012). Appendix A includes the boring location map and the boring logs.

Laboratory testing was performed on selected samples in accordance with commonly accepted methods and practices. Undisturbed and disturbed soil samples were tested to determine water content, Atterberg limits, grain size distribution, and shear strength. Water content determination was performed in accordance with ASTM D2216; Atterberg limits were determined in accordance with ASTM D4318; and grain size distribution was performed in accordance with ASTM D422. Shear strength testing consisted of unconsolidated-undrained (UU) and consolidated-undrained (CU) triaxial compression tests in general accordance with ASTM D2850 and D4767, respectively. Laboratory test summary sheets results are presented in Appendix B. The test results can be found in Appendix C.

The soils encountered in the borings generally consisted of very stiff to hard sandy clay and compact to very dense clayey sands. The subsurface stratigraphy generally consisted of clayey or silty sand with interspersed layers of sandy clay and lean clay. A thin layer of loose compact clayey sand was encountered in some boreholes at a depth of around 44 feet bgs.

Saturated soils were encountered in the embankment fill in only one of the six borings at a depth of 20 feet (i.e. at EL 330 ft-msl). Monitoring wells around the BAP indicate that groundwater is located between EL 309 to 313 ft-msl.



The findings from the above subsurface investigation were reviewed for their applicability to this study, and are summarized in the following sections.

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3.0 STABILITY ANALYSIS - §257.73(e)

3.1 Safety Factor Assessment

According to the CCR rules, structural stability factors of safety need to be evaluated for the critical cross-section of each CCR facility under static and seismic loading for “Maximum Storage Pool” (3 feet of freeboard for this facility) and “Maximum Surcharge Pool” (no freeboard) conditions. Liquefaction potential analysis is only necessary when soil sampling, construction documentation or anecdotal evidence from personnel with knowledge about the facility, indicates that soils of the embankment are susceptible to liquefaction.

Slope stability analyses were performed using a limit-equilibrium-based commercial computer program, Slide v7.0 by Rocscience. The analyses used a searching routine to identify the potential failure surface with minimum factor of safety for a given set of geometry, ground and groundwater conditions. The Spencer method of analysis was used in the analyses, while the Morgenstern-Price method was used for verification. The factors of safety of numerous potential failure surfaces were computed to establish minimum factors of safety. Circular failure surfaces were considered for all cases. Stability analyses were performed for “Maximum Storage Pool” (freeboard of 3 feet) and “Maximum Surcharge Pool” (no freeboard) conditions for both the interior and exterior slopes of the ponds. In addition, the interior slopes were analyzed while the pond is empty. For each case, respective slopes were analyzed for both static and seismic loading conditions. The interior berm was not analyzed since the failure of the interior berm will not result in any release of CCR materials beyond the BAP embankment.

3.2 Cross-Sections Analyzed

Critical cross-sections were identified after considering multiple cross-sections, and used for the stability analysis. The critical cross-sections were determined considering the geometry of the slopes, soil profile, phreatic surface, and the loading conditions. Section A-A’ was analyzed for the exterior slopes due to the proximity of a water channel that will impact the safety factor of the exterior slope. For the interior slopes, Section B-B’ was chosen as the critical cross-section based on the geometry and soil profile. The critical cross-sections analyzed are shown in Figure 2.

There is no topographical survey information for the immediate area surrounding the ponds. Hence, Section A-A’ was created with suitable assumptions beyond the toe of the exterior slope, based on visual observations, Google Earth® images, and information provided in TWDB, 1999, regarding the topography and water elevations in the adjacent man-made reservoir (Fairfield Lake).

3.3 Material Properties

Based on the previous subsurface investigation, appropriate material properties were selected for use in the stability analysis. Table 1 summarizes the material properties used in the stability analysis. Long-term,



drained (effective stress) strength parameters were generally used for the clay soils. Short-term, end-of-construction conditions (undrained) are not applicable for existing surface impoundments.

Table 1: Soil Properties for Section A-A' and B-B'

Soil Material	Description	Moist Unit Weight (lb/ft ³)	Saturated Unit Weight (lb/ft ³)	Drained Soil Properties	
				Cohesion, c' (lb/ft ²)	Friction Angle, ϕ' (°)
I	Sandy Clay/Clayey Sand	127	132	1000	14
II	Clean Sand	127	132	0	29

3.4 Phreatic Surface

For the stability analysis of the exterior embankment slope, the location of the phreatic surface is estimated by allowing steady state seepage conditions to develop based on the water level in the BAP, and conservatively assuming that the water elevation within Fairfield Lake is equal to the crest elevation of the Fairfield Dam (EL 322 ft-msl).

For the stability analysis of the interior embankment slope, the location of the phreatic surface is estimated by allowing steady state seepage conditions to develop within the embankment conservatively assuming the saturated zone occurs at EL 335 ft-msl. For the empty pond condition, the phreatic surface was conservatively assumed to be constant at EL 335 ft-msl.

Note that the phreatic surface elevations were conservatively assumed for stability analysis purposes -- they do not represent the elevation of groundwater within the uppermost aquifer.

3.5 Seismic Loading

According to the "US Seismic Hazard 2014 Map" prepared by the United States Geologic Survey (USGS) and the "2008 Interactive Deaggregations" (USGS), the peak ground acceleration (PGA) for a 2% probability of exceedance in 50 years (return period of 2,475 years) is about 0.06g for the site location (including amplification factors for site soil conditions). Hence, a horizontal seismic load coefficient of 0.06g was used in the pseudostatic analysis.

3.6 Liquefaction Potential

Soil liquefaction describes a phenomenon whereby a saturated or partially saturated soil substantially loses strength and stiffness in response to an applied stress, usually earthquake shaking or other sudden change in stress condition, causing it to behave like a liquid. The phenomenon is most often observed in saturated, loose (low density or uncompacted), sandy soils. The embankment soils of the BAP are composed of clayey



materials with significant fines content. The immediate foundation materials are also composed of soils containing a significant portion of fines, and are as well considerably dense. The subsurface investigations performed at each of the ponds do not indicate any soils in the embankment or its foundation that are susceptible to liquefaction. Hence, failure of the pond slopes due to liquefaction is considered unlikely for the BAP surface impoundment at the BBSES.

3.7 Stability Analysis Results

As mentioned earlier, slope stability analyses were performed for long-term conditions for each of the critical cross-sections considered under static and seismic loading conditions. Both interior and exterior slopes were analyzed for “Maximum Storage Pool” (3 feet of freeboard) and “Maximum Surcharge Pool” (no freeboard) conditions. The interior slopes were analyzed for the condition where the pond is empty. The results of the slope stability analysis cases are presented in Table 2, and the corresponding analysis outputs can be found in Appendix D. The results indicate that the BAP slopes are sufficiently stable under all considered loading scenarios.

Table 2: Slope Stability Analysis Results

Cross-Section	Case #	Slope Location	Pond Pool level	Loading Condition	Req'd Safety Factor ⁽¹⁾	Calculated Safety Factor
A-A'	1a	Exterior	Storage	Static	1.50	1.93
	1b			Pseudostatic	1.00	1.51
	2a		Surcharge	Static	1.40	1.89
	2b			Pseudostatic	1.00	1.47
B-B'	3a	Interior	Storage	Static	1.50	4.11
	3b			Pseudostatic	1.00	3.07
	4a		Surcharge	Static	1.40	4.58
	4b			Pseudostatic	1.00	3.32
	5a		Empty	Static	1.50	2.50
	5b			Pseudostatic	1.00	2.08

Note: (1) Required safety factors per §257.73(e)(i)-(iii)



4.0 CONCLUSION

Based on our review of the information provided by Luminant, on information prepared by Golder Associates Inc., and on our analyses, the calculated factors of safety through the critical cross sections in the BAP exceed the values listed in §257.73(e)(i)-(iv).

Golder appreciates the opportunity to assist Luminant with this project. If you have any questions, or require further assistance from Golder, please contact the undersigned at (281) 821-6868.

GOLDER ASSOCIATES INC.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Varenya Kumar', located below the company name.

Varenya Kumar
Staff Engineer

VK/JBF

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Jeffrey B. Fassett', located below the company name.

Jeffrey B. Fassett, PE
Associate Geotechnical Engineer

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5.0 CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that this report has been prepared in general accordance with normally accepted civil engineering practices and in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR §257.74(e).



Jeffrey B. Fassett, PE
Golder Associates Inc.
Firm Registration Number F-2578

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6.0 REFERENCES

40 CFR Parts 257 and 261, 2015, Hazardous and Solid Waste Management System; Disposal of Coal Combustion Residuals From Electric Utilities; Final Rule, April 17, 2015.

Galloway, W. E., Ewing, T. E., Garrett, C. M., Jr., Tyler, Noel, and Bebout, D. G., 1983, Atlas of major Texas oil reservoirs: The University of Texas at Austin, Bureau of Economic Geology Special Publication, 139 p.

Golder Associates Inc., 2012, Ash Pond Slope Stability Investigation Report, Big Brown Power Plant, Freestone County, Texas, November 2012.

Guyton, W.F., and Associates, 1972, Ground-water conditions in Anderson, Cherokee, Freestone, and Henderson counties, Texas: TWDB Rept. 150, 80 p.

Texas Water Development Board., 1999, Volumetric Survey of Fairfield Lake – prepared for USACE, Fort Worth District; in conjunction with Sabine River Authority and TXU Electric Company.

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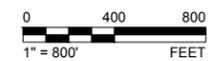
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Google earth



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CLIENT
LUMINANT POWER
BIG BROWN

CONSULTANT



YYYY-MM-DD 2016-06-23

DESIGNED TNB

PREPARED TNB

REVIEWED JBF

APPROVED JBF

PROJECT
2016 COAL COMBUSTION RESIDUALS
ENGINEERING SERVICES

TITLE
GENERAL SITE MAP

PROJECT NO.
1648164

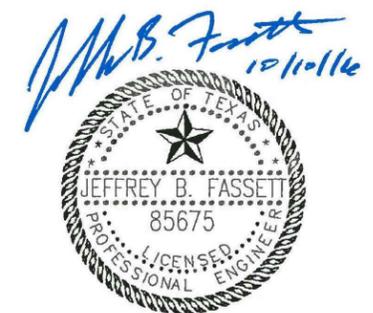
REV.

FIGURE
1

1 in. IF THIS MEASUREMENT DOES NOT MATCH WHAT IS SHOWN, THE SHEET SIZE HAS BEEN MODIFIED FROM ANSI B



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CLIENT
 LUMINANT POWER
 BIG BROWN

CONSULTANT	YYYY-MM-DD	2016-09-19
	DESIGNED	VK
	PREPARED	TNB
	REVIEWED	MX
	APPROVED	JBF



PROJECT
 2016 COAL COMBUSTION RESIDUALS
 ENGINEERING SERVICES

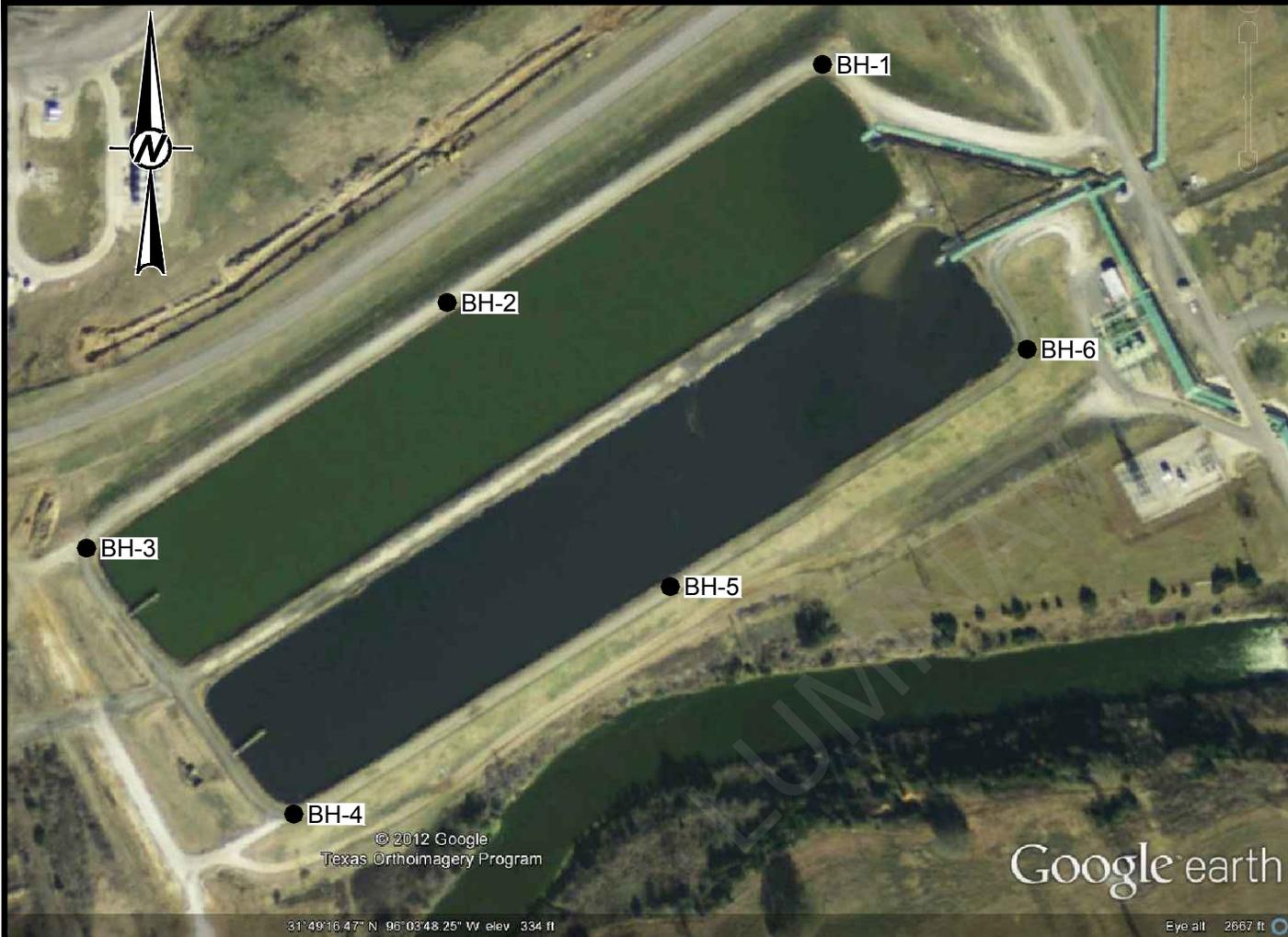
TITLE
**BOTTOM ASH PONDS
 CROSS SECTIONS FOR SLOPE STABILITY ANALYSIS**

PROJECT NO. 1648164-01	REV. ----	FIGURE 2
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1 in. IF THIS MEASUREMENT DOES NOT MATCH WHAT IS SHOWN, THE SHEET SIZE HAS BEEN MODIFIED FROM ANSI B

APPENDIX A
BORING LOCATION MAP & BORING LOGS

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LEGEND

● BH-1 BORING LOCATION

REFERENCES / SPECIFICATIONS

IMAGE SOURCE:
GOOGLE EARTH PRO. 2010

REV	DATE	REVISION DESCRIPTION	HPR	VJE	HPR	PCM
			DES	CADD	CHK	RWW
PROJECT		LUMINANT - BIG BROWN ASH POND SLOPE STABILITY INVESTIGATION REPORT FREESTONE COUNTY, TEXAS				
TITLE		BORING LOCATION PLAN				
PROJECT No. 123-94128			FILE No. 12394128A001			
SCALE			NTS			
			FIG-1			



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BORING NUMBER BH-1

PAGE 1 OF 2

CLIENT Luminant
PROJECT NUMBER 123-94128
DATE STARTED 10/15/12 **COMPLETED** 10/15/12
DRILLING CONTRACTOR Van & Sons Drilling Service
DRILLING METHOD Mud Rotary
LOGGED BY HR **CHECKED BY** PCM
NOTES _____

PROJECT NAME Pond Slope Stability
PROJECT LOCATION Big Brown Plant
GROUND ELEVATION _____ **HOLE SIZE** inches
GROUND WATER LEVELS:
AT TIME OF DRILLING ---
AT END OF DRILLING ---
▼ AFTER DRILLING 20.00 ft

GEOTECH BH PLOTS - GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 11/20/12 15:09 - P.1 - 2012 PROJECT FOLDERS\123-94128 LUMINANT POND SLOPE STABILITY\BIG BROWN FIELD INVESTIGATION\94128BIGBROWN.GPJ

DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	POCKET PEN. (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	▲ SPT N VALUE ▲			
								PL	MC	LL	
								□ FINES CONTENT (%) □			
0		(SC) CLAYEY SAND, medium to fine, well graded, light brown, and low plasticity clay, moist									
3.5		sandy clay lenses, dry at 3.5'	SH 1	78		3.0					
5		no clay lenses at 6.0'	SH 2			4.9					
6.0			SH 3	78		4.5					
10		(CL) LEAN CLAY, low plasticity, with sand, brown-orange, cohesive, dry	SH 4			4.5					
15		(SC) CLAYEY SAND, medium to fine, well graded, brown to orange, and low plasticity clay, moist	SH 5	65							
20	▼		SH 6	79		1.5					
23.0		gray at 23.0'	SH 7	83							
30		(CL) LEAN CLAY, low plasticity, some fine to medium sand, gray to brown, cohesive, moist	SH 8	79							
35			SH 9	83							

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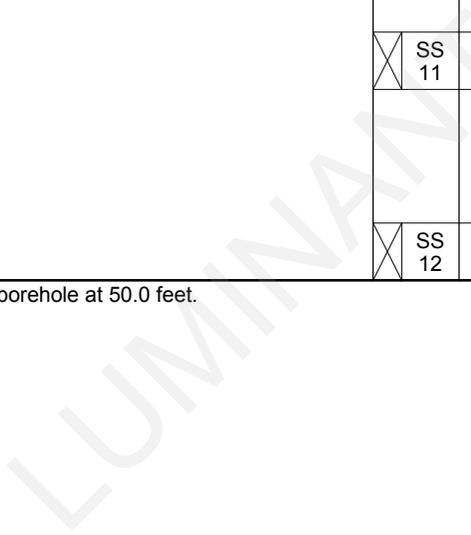
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CLIENT Luminant PROJECT NAME Pond Slope Stability
PROJECT NUMBER 123-94128 PROJECT LOCATION Big Brown Plant

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DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	POCKET PEN. (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	▲ SPT N VALUE ▲		
								20	40	60
								PL MC LL 20 40 60 80		
								<input type="checkbox"/> FINES CONTENT (%) <input type="checkbox"/> 20 40 60 80		
35		(CL) LEAN CLAY, low plasticity, some fine to medium sand, gray to brown, cohesive, moist (<i>continued</i>)								
40		(SC) CLAYEY SAND, medium to fine, well graded, with low plasticity clay, brown, wet	SS 10	83	12-13-14 (27)					
45			SS 11	100	5-5-3 (8)					
50			SS 12	100	8-9-11 (20)					

Bottom of borehole at 50.0 feet.





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BORING NUMBER BH-2

PAGE 1 OF 2

CLIENT Luminant
PROJECT NUMBER 123-94128
DATE STARTED 10/16/12 COMPLETED 10/16/12
DRILLING CONTRACTOR Van & Sons Drilling Service
DRILLING METHOD Mud Rotary
LOGGED BY HR CHECKED BY PCM
NOTES _____

PROJECT NAME Pond Slope Stability
PROJECT LOCATION Big Brown Plant
GROUND ELEVATION _____ HOLE SIZE inches
GROUND WATER LEVELS:
AT TIME OF DRILLING ---
AT END OF DRILLING ---
AFTER DRILLING ---

DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	POCKET PEN. (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	▲ SPT N VALUE ▲				
								20	40	60	80	
0												
0 - 5		(CL) LEAN CLAY, low plasticity, with sand and gravel, decreasing coarse content with depth, dry, gray and brown	SH 1	58		4.5						
5			SH 2	75		4.5						
5 - 10		(SC) CLAYEY SAND, medium to fine, well graded, with low plasticity clay, brown, moist	SH 3	100		4.5						
10			SH 4	50		3.0						
10 - 15			SH 5	67		4.5						
15 - 20		decreasing clay with depth at 18.0'	SH 6	44		2.25						
20 - 25			SH 7	94		4.5						
25 - 30			SH 8	88		4.5						
30 - 35		gray and orange at 28.0'	SH 9	90		2.5						

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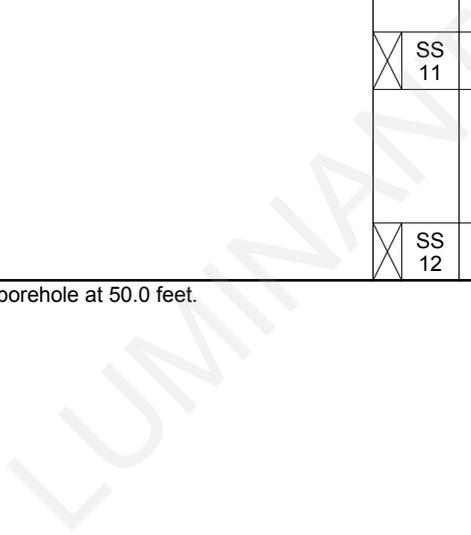
CLIENT Luminant PROJECT NAME Pond Slope Stability

PROJECT NUMBER 123-94128 PROJECT LOCATION Big Brown Plant

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DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	POCKET PEN. (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	▲ SPT N VALUE ▲	
								PL	MC LL
								□ FINES CONTENT (%) □	
								20 40 60 80	20 40 60 80
35		(SC) CLAYEY SAND, medium to fine, well graded, with low plasticity clay, brown, moist (<i>continued</i>)							
		wet at 38.5'							
40			SS 10	56	15-18-20 (38)				
45			SS 11	100	3-3-5 (8)				
50			SS 12	100	18-18-17 (35)				

Bottom of borehole at 50.0 feet.





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PAGE 1 OF 1

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PROJECT NUMBER 123-94128
DATE STARTED 10/15/12 **COMPLETED** 10/15/12
DRILLING CONTRACTOR Van & Sons Drilling Service
DRILLING METHOD Mud Rotary
LOGGED BY HR **CHECKED BY** PCM
NOTES _____

PROJECT NAME Pond Slope Stability
PROJECT LOCATION Big Brown Plant
GROUND ELEVATION _____ **HOLE SIZE** inches
GROUND WATER LEVELS:
AT TIME OF DRILLING ---
AT END OF DRILLING ---
AFTER DRILLING ---

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DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	POCKET PEN. (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	▲ SPT N VALUE ▲				
								20	40	60	80	
0												
0 - 3.5		(SC) CLAYEY SAND, medium to fine, some gravel, brown, moist	SH 1	56		2.5						
3.5 - 5		increasing clay content and clay lenses at 3.5'	SH 2	67		4.5						
5 - 10		(CL) LEAN CLAY, low plasticity, and well graded, medium to fine sand, light brown, moist	SH 3	72		4.5						
10 - 15			SH 4	89		4.5						
15 - 20			SH 5	81		4.5						
20 - 25		(SC) CLAYEY SAND, medium to fine, brown, moist	SH 6	75		4.0						
25 - 30		(SP) SAND, poorly graded, medium, tan, moist	SS 7	89	13-18-18 (36)							
30			SS 8	100	13-24-30 (54)							

Bottom of borehole at 30.0 feet.



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BORING NUMBER BH-4

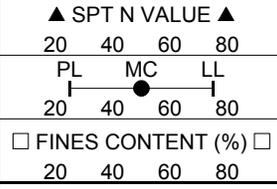
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PROJECT NUMBER 123-94128
DATE STARTED 10/16/12 **COMPLETED** 10/16/12
DRILLING CONTRACTOR Van & Sons Drilling Service
DRILLING METHOD Mud Rotary
LOGGED BY HR **CHECKED BY** PCM
NOTES _____

PROJECT NAME Pond Slope Stability
PROJECT LOCATION Big Brown Plant
GROUND ELEVATION _____ **HOLE SIZE** inches
GROUND WATER LEVELS:
AT TIME OF DRILLING ---
AT END OF DRILLING ---
AFTER DRILLING ---

GEOTECH BH PLOTS - GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 11/20/12 15:09 - P:\2012 PROJECT FOLDERS\123-94128 LUMINANT POND SLOPE STABILITY\BIG BROWN FIELD INVESTIGATION\94128BIGBROWN.GPJ

DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	POCKET PEN. (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	▲ SPT N VALUE ▲				
								20	40	60	80	
0												
0 - 4.5		(SC) CLAYEY SAND, medium to fine, well graded, and low plasticity clay, moist	SH 1	56		4.5						
4.5 - 5.5		dry at 3.5'	SH 2	67		4.5						
5.5 - 6.0		moist at 6.0'	SH 3	72		4.5						
6.0 - 10.0			SH 4	100		4.0						
10.0 - 15.0		(CL) LEAN CLAY, low plasticity, with medium to fine sand, gray - brown, moist, cohesive	SH 5	83		1.5						
15.0 - 20.0		(SC) CLAYEY SAND, medium to fine, well graded, and low plasticity clay, moist	SH 6	54		1.5						
20.0 - 25.0			SH 7	58		2						
25.0 - 30.0			SH 8	92		1.0						

Bottom of borehole at 30.0 feet.





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Telephone: (281) 821-6868
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BORING NUMBER BH-5

CLIENT Luminant
PROJECT NUMBER 123-94128
DATE STARTED 10/16/12 **COMPLETED** 1/16/12
DRILLING CONTRACTOR Van & Sons Drilling Service
DRILLING METHOD Mud Rotary
LOGGED BY HR **CHECKED BY** PCM
NOTES _____

PROJECT NAME Pond Slope Stability
PROJECT LOCATION Big Brown Plant
GROUND ELEVATION _____ **HOLE SIZE** inches
GROUND WATER LEVELS:
AT TIME OF DRILLING ---
AT END OF DRILLING ---
AFTER DRILLING ---

GEO TECH BH PLOTS - GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 11/20/12 15:09 - P.1 - 2012 PROJECT FOLDERS\123-94128 LUMINANT POND SLOPE STABILITY\BIG BROWN FIELD INVESTIGATION\94128BIGBROWN.GPJ

DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	POCKET PEN. (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	▲ SPT N VALUE ▲						
								20	40	60	80			
0														
4.5		(CL) SANDY LEAN CLAY, low plasticity, medium to fine, well graded, brown and orange, cohesive, moist	SH 1	78		4.5								
5		trace gravel, red and gray at 3.5'	SH 2	78		4.5								
9.5		(SC) CLAYEY SAND, medium to fine, well graded, some low plasticity clay, orange, cohesive, moist	SH 3	100		2.25								
10		(CL) SANDY LEAN CLAY, low plasticity, medium to fine, well graded, brown and orange, cohesive, moist	SH 4	89		0.75								
10		(SC) CLAYEY SAND, medium to fine, well graded, some low plasticity clay, gray to brown, non-cohesive, moist												
15		(CL) SANDY LEAN CLAY, low plasticity, medium to fine, well graded, gray and brown, cohesive, moist	SH 5	75		3.25								
20		(SW) WELL GRADED SAND, medium to fine, with low plasticity clay lenses, orange, non-cohesive, moist	SH 6	52		3.0								
25		(CH) SANDY FAT CLAY, high plasticity, medium to fine, well graded, gray, cohesive, moist	SH 7	83		2.75								
30		(CL) SANDY LEAN CLAY, low plasticity, medium to fine, well graded, gray, cohesive, moist	SH 8	73		4.5								
30		orange and gray at 28.0'												
35		(SC) CLAYEY SAND, medium to fine, well graded, some low plasticity clay, gray and orange, cohesive, moist	SH 9	67		4.25								

(Continued Next Page)



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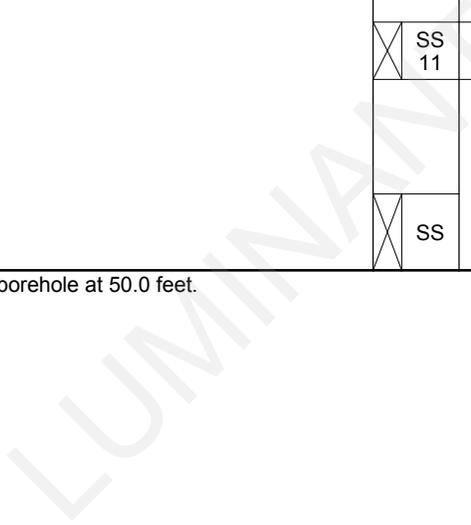
BORING NUMBER BH-5

CLIENT Luminant PROJECT NAME Pond Slope Stability
PROJECT NUMBER 123-94128 PROJECT LOCATION Big Brown Plant

GEOTECH BH PLOTS - GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 11/20/12 15:09 - P:_2012 PROJECT FOLDERS\123-94128 LUMINANT POND SLOPE STABILITY\BIG BROWN FIELD INVESTIGATION\94128BIGBROWN.GPJ

DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	POCKET PEN. (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	▲ SPT N VALUE ▲	
								PL	MC LL
								□ FINES CONTENT (%) □	
								20	40 60 80
35		(SC) CLAYEY SAND, medium to fine, well graded, some low plasticity clay, gray and orange, cohesive, moist (continued)							
40			SS 10	100	13-15-16 (31)				
45		wet at 43.5'	SS 11	100	4-5-5 (10)				
50			SS		10-10-12 (22)				

Bottom of borehole at 50.0 feet.





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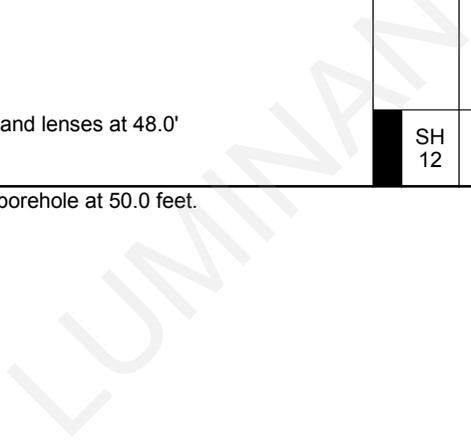
BORING NUMBER BH-6

CLIENT Luminant PROJECT NAME Pond Slope Stability
PROJECT NUMBER 123-94128 PROJECT LOCATION Big Brown Plant

GEOTECH BH PLOTS - GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 11/20/12 15:10 - P:_2012 PROJECT FOLDERS\123-94128 LUMINANT POND SLOPE STABILITY\BIG BROWN FIELD INVESTIGATION\94128BIGBROWN.GPJ

DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	SAMPLE TYPE NUMBER	RECOVERY % (RQD)	BLOW COUNTS (N VALUE)	POCKET PEN. (tsf)	DRY UNIT WT. (pcf)	▲ SPT N VALUE ▲	
								PL	MC LL
								20 40 60 80	□ FINES CONTENT (%) □
35		(SC) CLAYEY SAND, medium to fine, well graded, and low plasticity clay, gray and orange, possible some lignite (black), moist, cohesive (<i>continued</i>)							
40		(SW) WELL GRADED SAND, medium to fine, trace low plasticity clay lenses, gray, non-cohesive, moist	SH 10	60		0.0		●	□
45		orange, clay nodules at 43.0'	SH 11	50		0.0		●	
50		with stiff, gray, clay nodules and lenses at 48.0'	SH 12	46		0.0		●	

Bottom of borehole at 50.0 feet.



APPENDIX B
LABORATORY TEST SUMMARY SHEETS

LUMINANT



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SUMMARY OF LABORATORY RESULTS

CLIENT Luminant

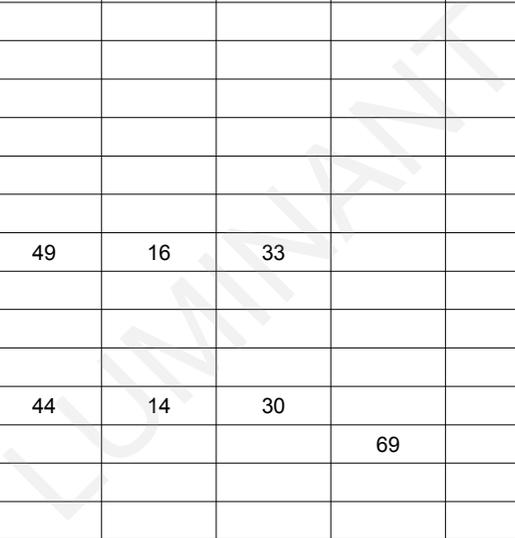
PROJECT NAME Pond Slope Stability

PROJECT NUMBER 123-94128

PROJECT LOCATION Big Brown Plant

Sample ID	Depth	Natural Moisture (%)	Atterberg Limits			% <#200 Sieve	Class-ification	Unit Weight		Permeability (cm/sec)	Additional Lab Testing
			Liquid Limit	Plastic Limit	Plasticity Index			Moisture Content (%)	Dry Density (psf)		
BH-5	4	20.3									
BH-5	6	20.0	43	15	28						
BH-5	9	20.8									
BH-5	13	18.3									
BH-5	18	14.2									
BH-5	23	19.6	60	14	46						
BH-5	28	15.7									
BH-5	33	14.8									
BH-5	39	19.6									
BH-5	44	22.5									
BH-5	49	20.9									
BH-6	1	16.5									
BH-6	4	11.9									
BH-6	6	28.2									
BH-6	9	12.3									
BH-6	13	17.7	49	16	33						
BH-6	19	20.6									
BH-6	23	19.3									
BH-6	28	13.3									
BH-6	33	21.9	44	14	30						
BH-6	38	21.5				69					
BH-6	43	26.0									
BH-6	48	31.1									

LAB SUMMARY - CQA - GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 11/15/12 17:09 - P:_2012 PROJECT FOLDERS\123-94128 LUMINANT POND SLOPE STABILITY\BIG BROWN FIELD INVESTIGATION\94128BIGBROWN.GPJ



APPENDIX C
LABORATORY TEST RESULTS

LUMINANT

ATTERBERG LIMIT RESULTS

LUMINANT

GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS

LUMINANT



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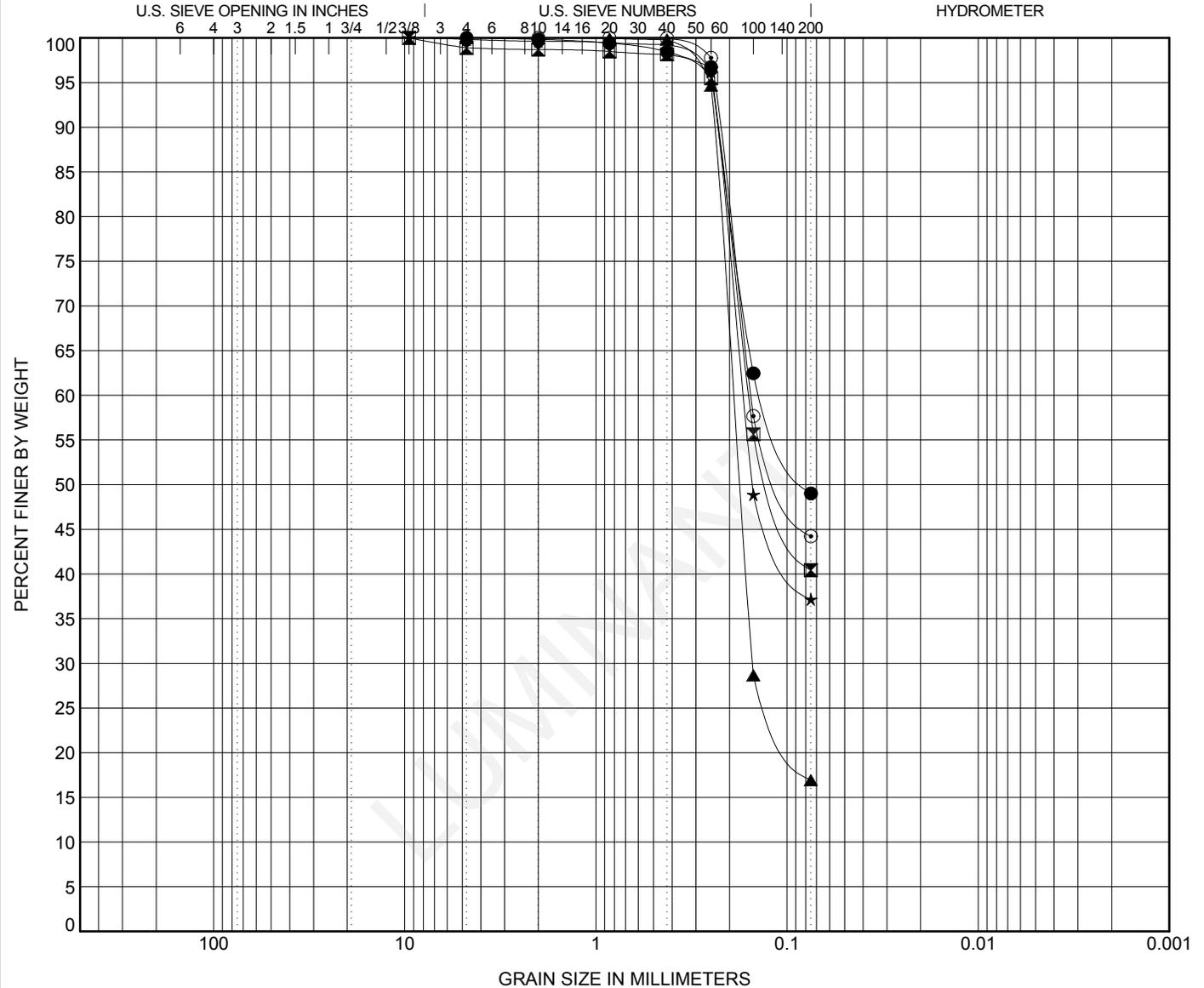
GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

CLIENT Luminant

PROJECT NAME Pond Slope Stability

PROJECT NUMBER 123-94128

PROJECT LOCATION Big Brown Plant



COBBLES	GRAVEL		SAND			SILT OR CLAY
	coarse	fine	coarse	medium	fine	

BOREHOLE	DEPTH	Classification					LL	PL	PI	Cc	Cu
● BH-1	6										
☒ BH-2	39										
▲ BH-3	29										
★ BH-4	18										
◎ BH-5	33										
BOREHOLE	DEPTH	D100	D60	D30	D10	%Gravel	%Sand	%Silt	%Clay		
● BH-1	6	4.75	0.132			0.0	51.0		49.0		
☒ BH-2	39	9.5	0.159			1.1	58.5		40.4		
▲ BH-3	29	4.75	0.191	0.152		0.0	83.1		16.9		
★ BH-4	18	9.5	0.169			0.2	62.7		37.2		
◎ BH-5	33	2	0.155			0.0	55.8		44.2		

GRAIN SIZE - COA - GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 11/16/12 - 13:59 - P:_2012 PROJECT FOLDERS\123-94128 LUMINANT POND SLOPE STABILITY\BIG BROWN FIELD INVESTIGATION\94128BIGBROWN.GPJ



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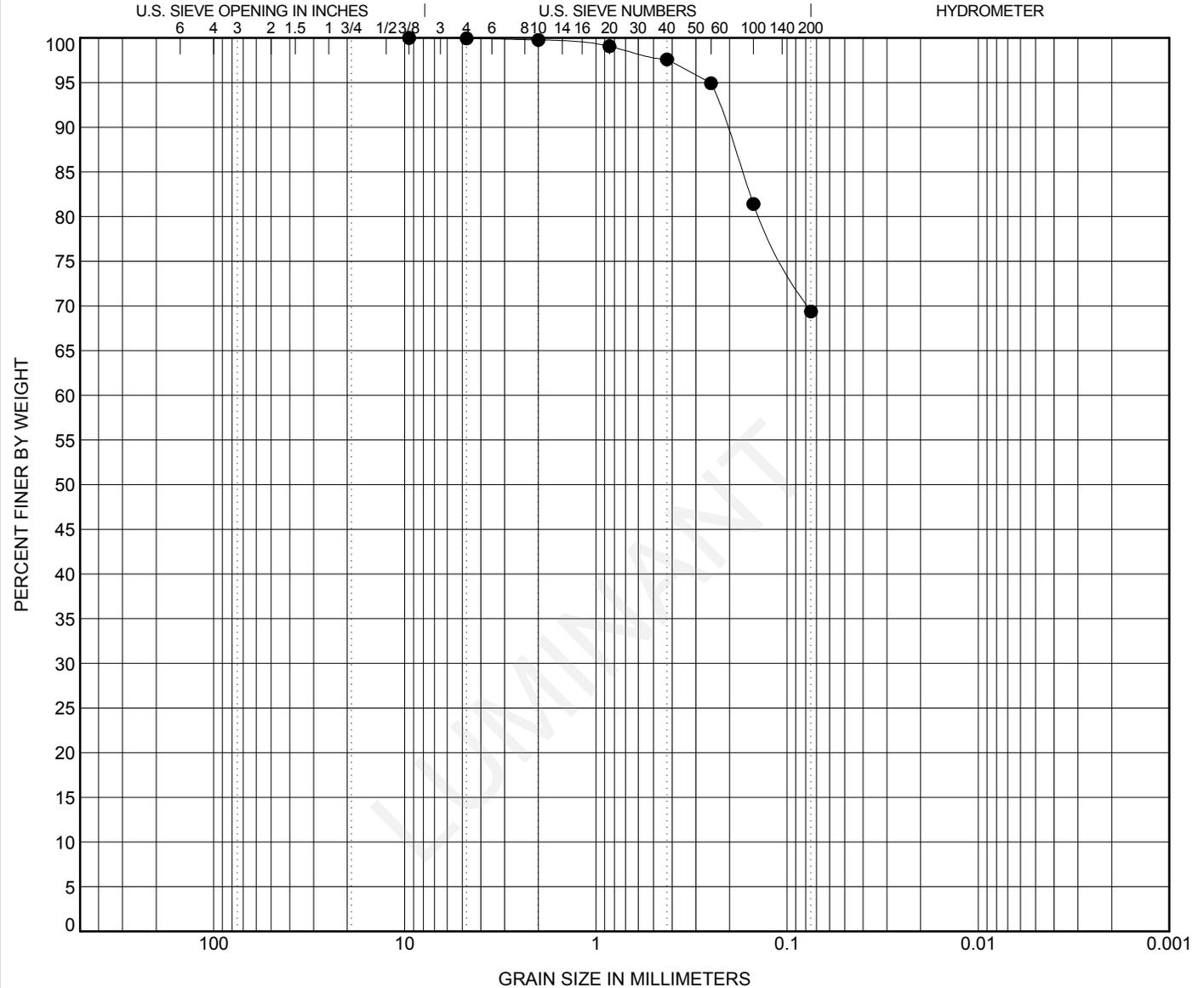
GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

CLIENT Luminant

PROJECT NAME Pond Slope Stability

PROJECT NUMBER 123-94128

PROJECT LOCATION Big Brown Plant



COBBLES	GRAVEL		SAND			SILT OR CLAY
	coarse	fine	coarse	medium	fine	

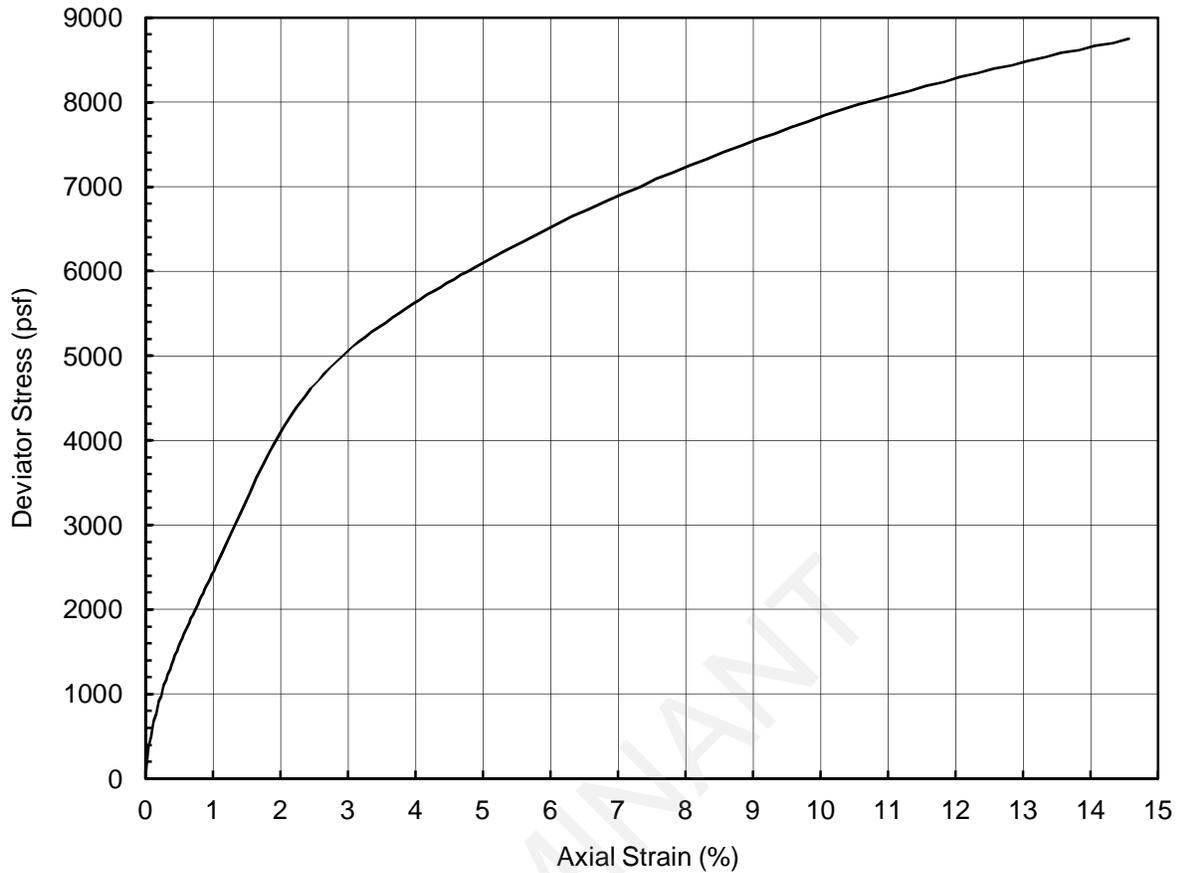
BOREHOLE	DEPTH	Classification					LL	PL	PI	Cc	Cu
● BH-6	38										
BOREHOLE	DEPTH	D100	D60	D30	D10	%Gravel	%Sand	%Silt	%Clay		
● BH-6	38	9.5				0.1	30.6	69.4			

GRAIN SIZE - COA - GINT STD US LAB.GDT - 11/16/12 - 13:59 - P:\2012 PROJECT FOLDERS\123-94128 LUMINANT POND SLOPE STABILITY\BIG BROWN FIELD INVESTIGATION\94128BIGBROWN.GPJ

UNCONSOLIDATED / UNDRAINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (UU)

LUMINANT

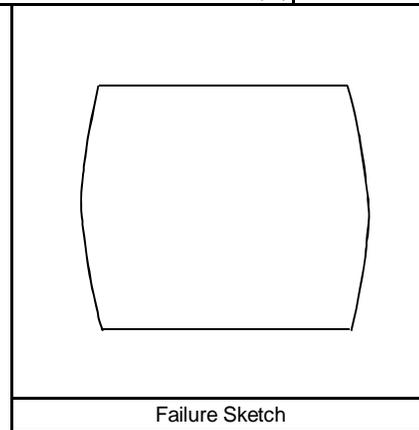
**UNCONSOLIDATED / UNDRAINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH
ASTM D 2850**



Specimen Description		Light Tan and Gray Clayey Sand					
LL	33	PI	20	LI	0.2	USCS	CL

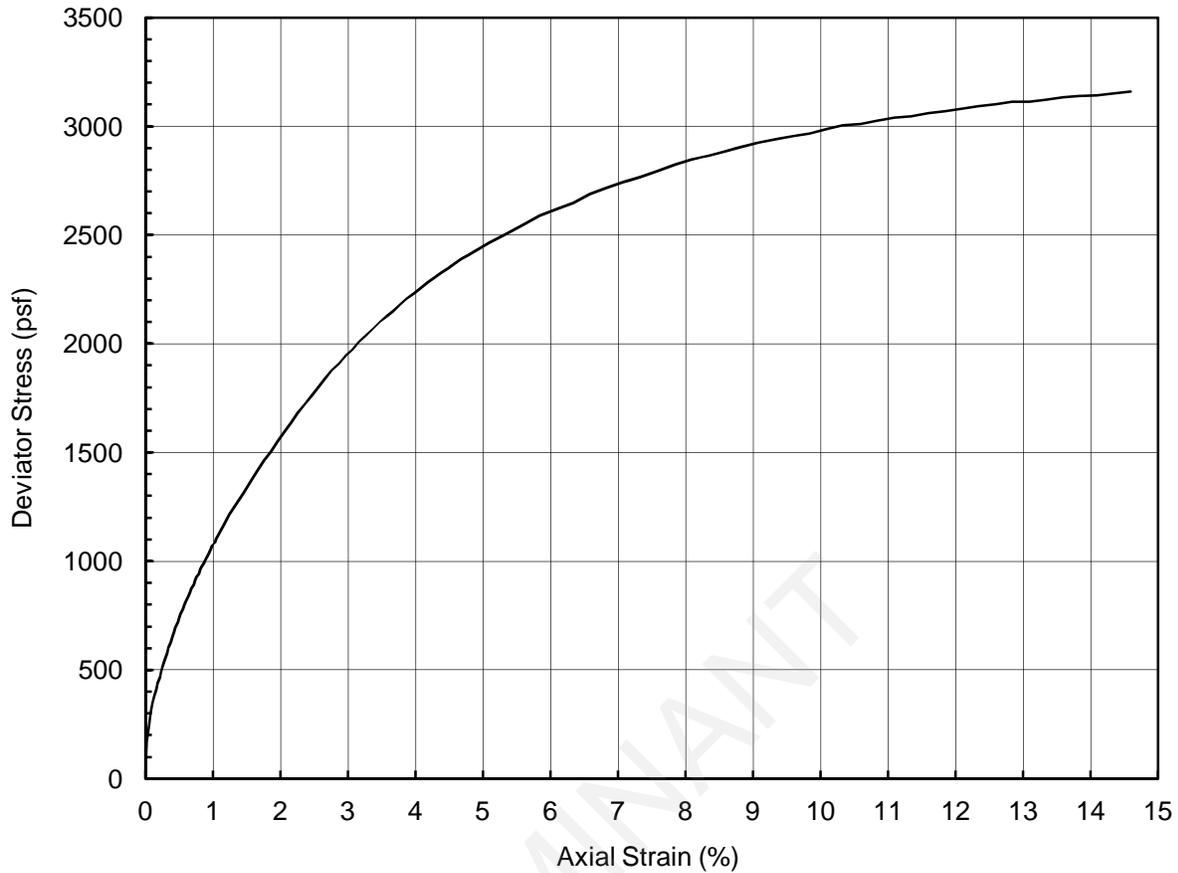
Depth (ft)	28.0	Confining Pressure (psf)	2879
Specimen Height (inch)	5.9	Strain Rate (%/min)	1.0
Specimen Diameter (inch)	2.8	Peak Deviator Stress (psf)	8784
Initial Specimen Weight (g)	1253.7	Axial Strain at Peak Stress (%)	15.0
Moist Unit Weight (pcf)	132.8		
Initial Water Content (%)	17		
Initial Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	113.3		

Project Title	Luminant - Big Brown Slope Stability
Project Number	123-94128
Sample Type	Shelby Tube
Sample ID	BH-2 TO-8
Comments	



Performed by	PN
Date	7-Nov-12
Check	HR
Review	PCM

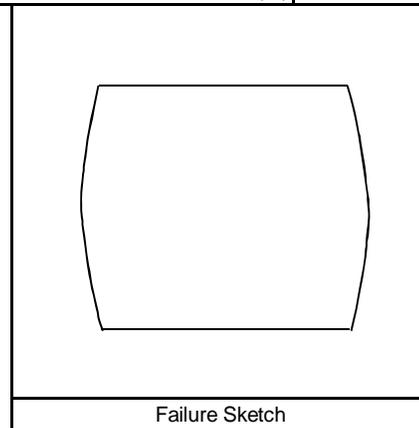
**UNCONSOLIDATED / UNDRAINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH
ASTM D 2850**



Specimen Description		Light Tan and Gray Clayey Sand					
LL	39	PI	23	LI	0.2	USCS	CL

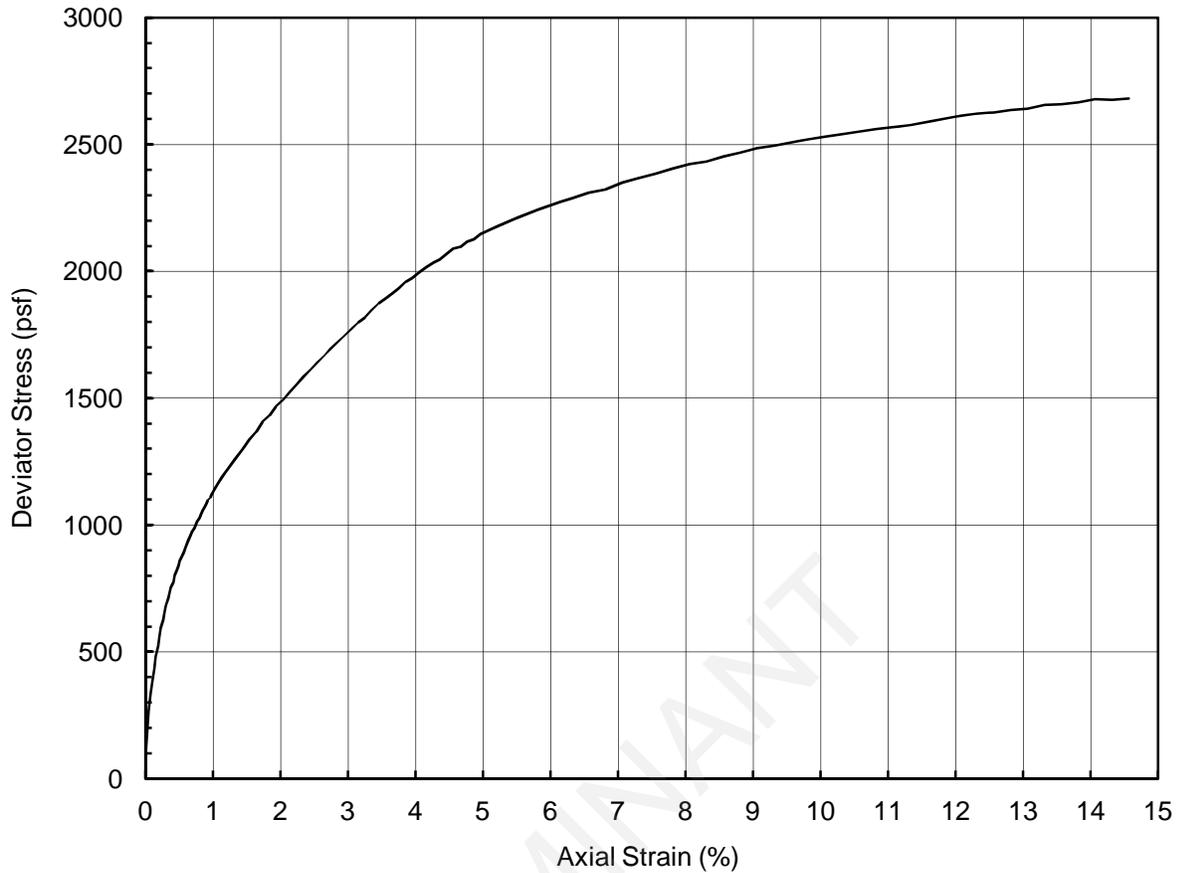
Depth (ft)	13.0	Confining Pressure (psf)	1754
Specimen Height (inch)	4.9	Strain Rate (%/min)	1.0
Specimen Diameter (inch)	2.8	Peak Deviator Stress (psf)	3164
Initial Specimen Weight (g)	950.5	Axial Strain at Peak Stress (%)	14.8
Moist Unit Weight (pcf)	121.4		
Initial Water Content (%)	20		
Initial Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	101.3		

Project Title	Luminant - Big Brown Slope Stability
Project Number	123-94128
Sample Type	Shelby Tube
Sample ID	BH-4 TO-5
Comments	Sample L/D ratio < 2



Performed by	PN
Date	7-Nov-12
Check	HR
Review	PCM

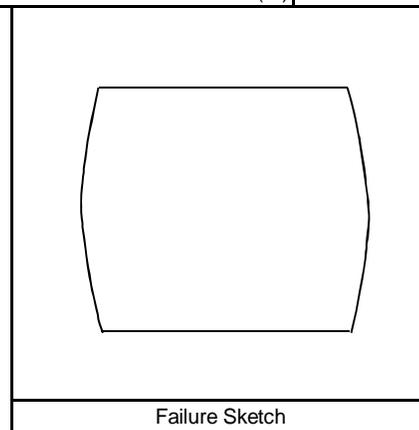
**UNCONSOLIDATED / UNDRAINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH
ASTM D 2850**



Specimen Description		Reddish Gray Clayey Sand					
LL	43	PI	28	LI	0.2	USCS	CL

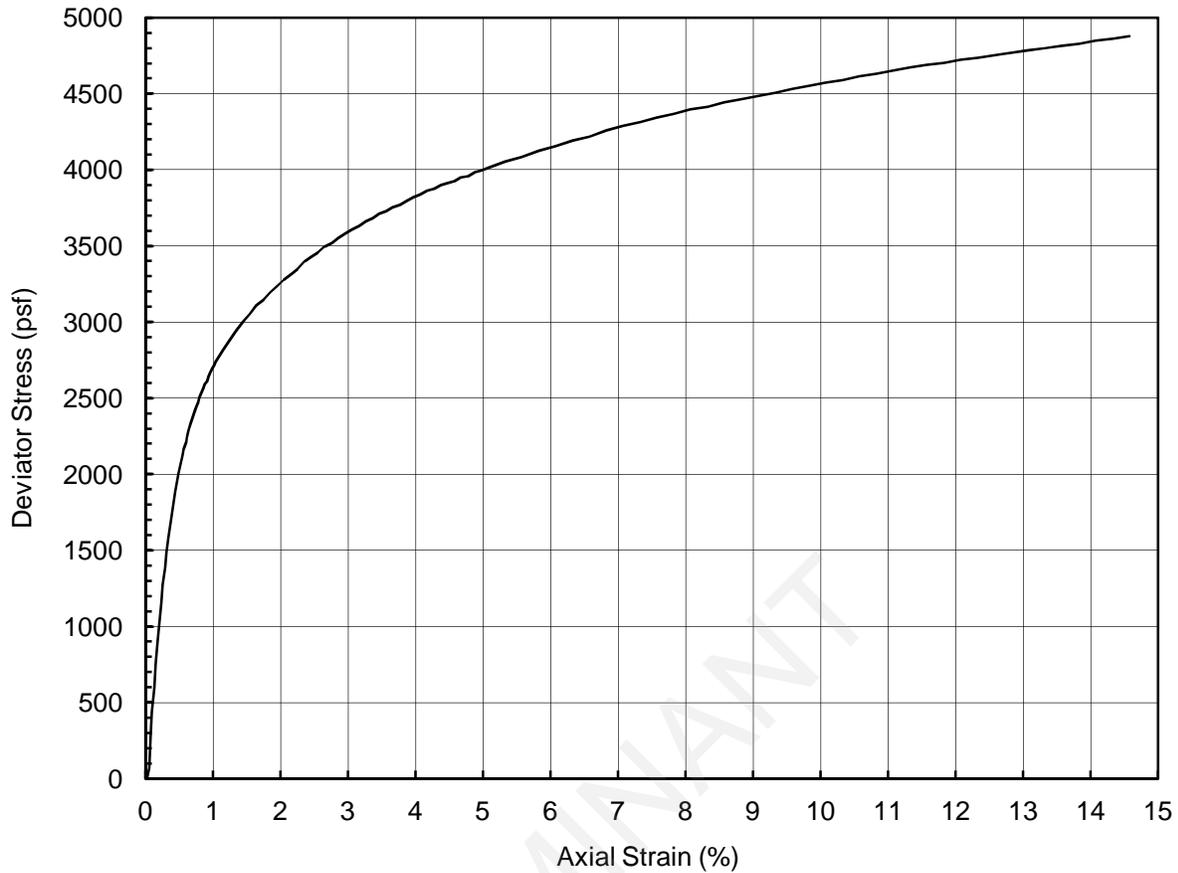
Depth (ft)	6.0	Confining Pressure (psf)	891
Specimen Height (inch)	4.6	Strain Rate (%/min)	1.0
Specimen Diameter (inch)	2.8	Peak Deviator Stress (psf)	2688
Initial Specimen Weight (g)	926.5	Axial Strain at Peak Stress (%)	14.8
Moist Unit Weight (pcf)	122.1		
Initial Water Content (%)	20		
Initial Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	101.5		

Project Title	Luminant - Big Brown Slope Stability
Project Number	123-94128
Sample Type	Shelby Tube
Sample ID	BH-5 TO-3
Comments	Sample L/D ratio < 2



Performed by	PN
Date	7-Nov-12
Check	HR
Review	PCM

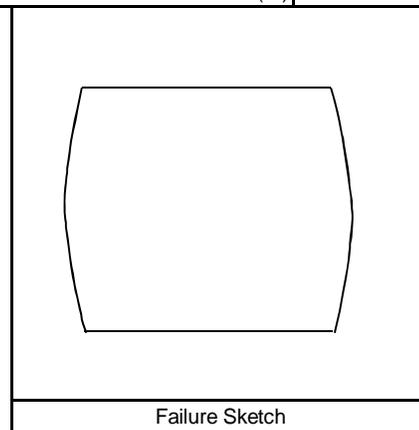
**UNCONSOLIDATED / UNDRAINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH
ASTM D 2850**



Specimen Description		Reddish Gray Clay					
LL	60	PI	46	LI	0.1	USCS	CH

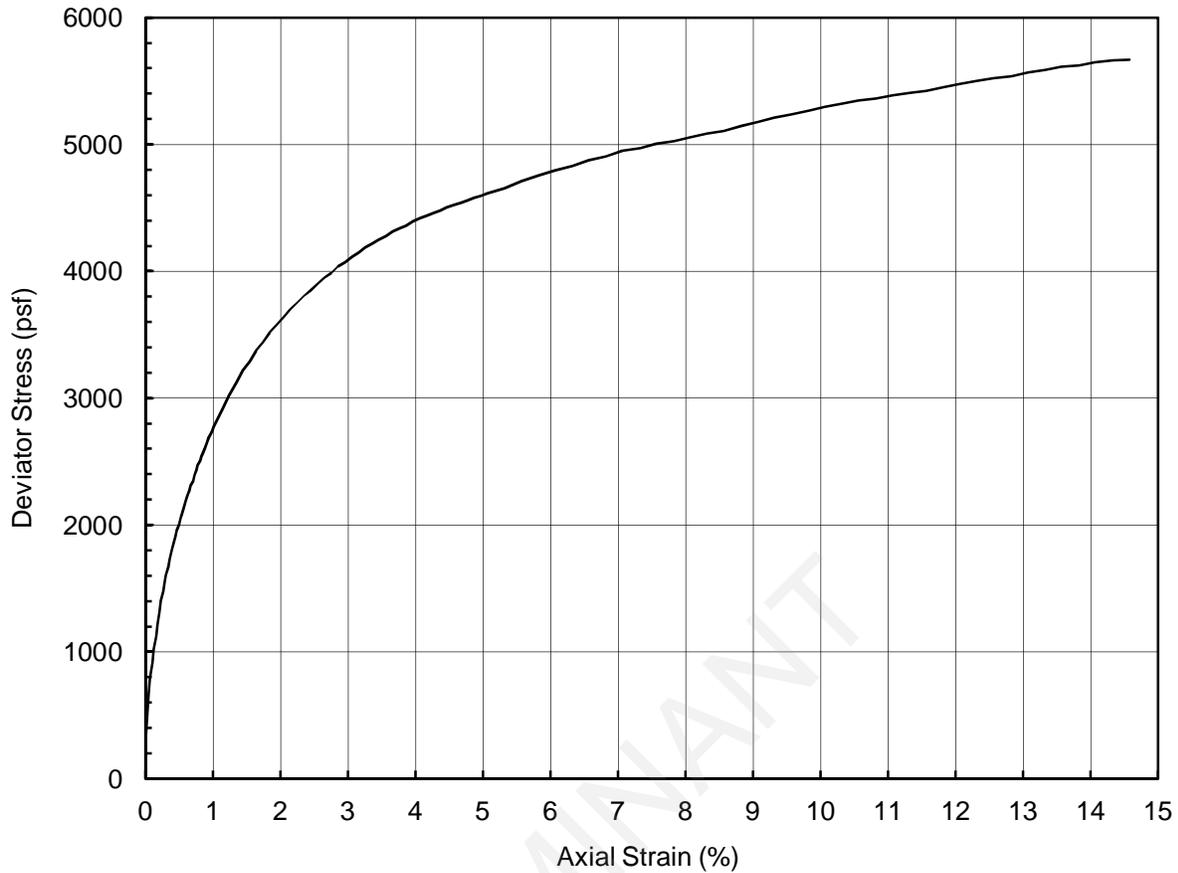
Depth (ft)	23.0	Confining Pressure (psf)	2879
Specimen Height (inch)	6.0	Strain Rate (%/min)	1.0
Specimen Diameter (inch)	2.8	Peak Deviator Stress (psf)	4887
Initial Specimen Weight (g)	1218.0	Axial Strain at Peak Stress (%)	15.0
Moist Unit Weight (pcf)	131.2		
Initial Water Content (%)	20		
Initial Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	109.1		

Project Title	Luminant - Big Brown Slope Stability
Project Number	123-94128
Sample Type	Shelby Tube
Sample ID	BH-5 TO-7
Comments	



Performed by	PN
Date	8-Nov-12
Check	HR
Review	PCM

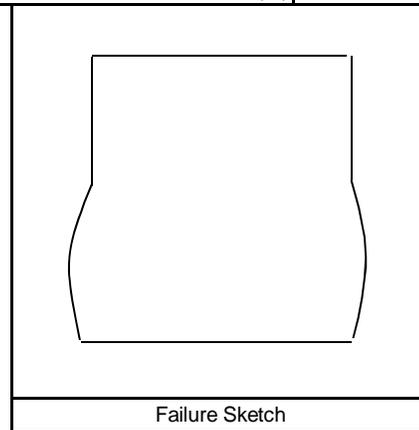
**UNCONSOLIDATED / UNDRAINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH
ASTM D 2850**



Specimen Description		Light Red Sandy Clay					
LL	49	PI	33	LI	0.0	USCS	CL

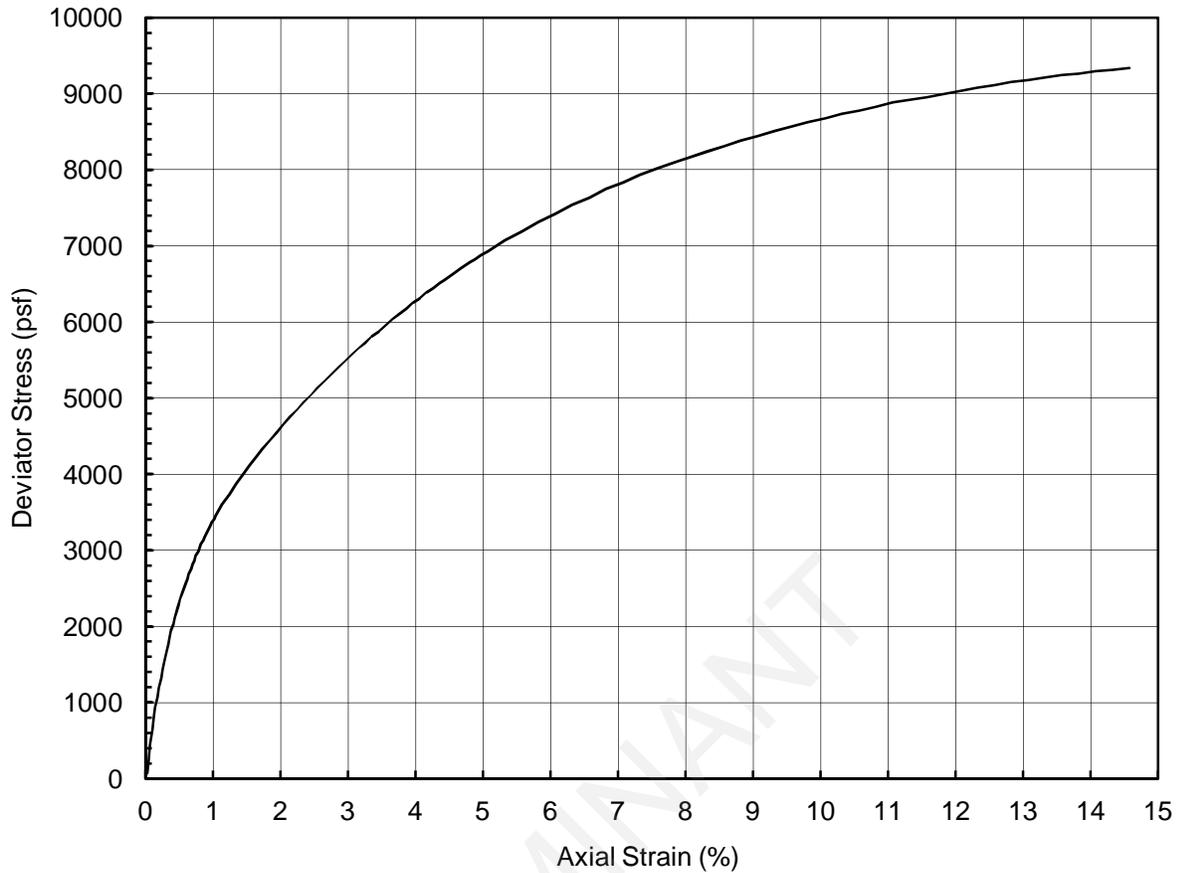
Depth (ft)	13.0	Confining Pressure (psf)	1752
Specimen Height (inch)	5.7	Strain Rate (%/min)	1.0
Specimen Diameter (inch)	2.8	Peak Deviator Stress (psf)	5685
Initial Specimen Weight (g)	1150.2	Axial Strain at Peak Stress (%)	14.8
Moist Unit Weight (pcf)	125.3		
Initial Water Content (%)	17		
Initial Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	107.5		

Project Title	Luminant - Big Brown Slope Stability
Project Number	123-94128
Sample Type	Shelby Tube
Sample ID	BH-6 TO-5
Comments	



Performed by	PN
Date	8-Nov-12
Check	HR
Review	PCM

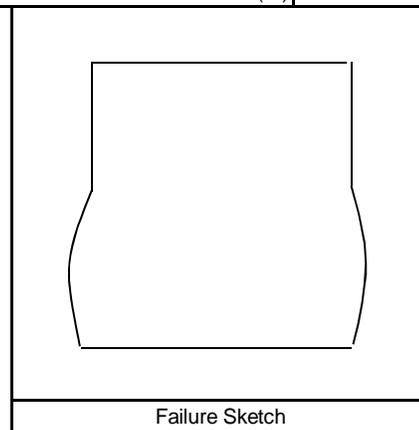
**UNCONSOLIDATED / UNDRAINED COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH
ASTM D 2850**



Specimen Description		Light Gray Sandy Clay					
LL	44	PI	30	LI	0.1	USCS	CL

Depth (ft)	33.0	Confining Pressure (psf)	3304
Specimen Height (inch)	6.0	Strain Rate (%/min)	1.0
Specimen Diameter (inch)	2.9	Peak Deviator Stress (psf)	9360
Initial Specimen Weight (g)	1270.9	Axial Strain at Peak Stress (%)	15.0
Moist Unit Weight (pcf)	127.4		
Initial Water Content (%)	18		
Initial Dry Unit Weight (pcf)	107.9		

Project Title	Luminant - Big Brown Slope Stability
Project Number	123-94128
Sample Type	Shelby Tube
Sample ID	BH-6 TO-9
Comments	



Performed by	PN
Date	9-Nov-12
Check	HR
Review	PCM

ISOTROPICALLY CONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL TEST (ICU)

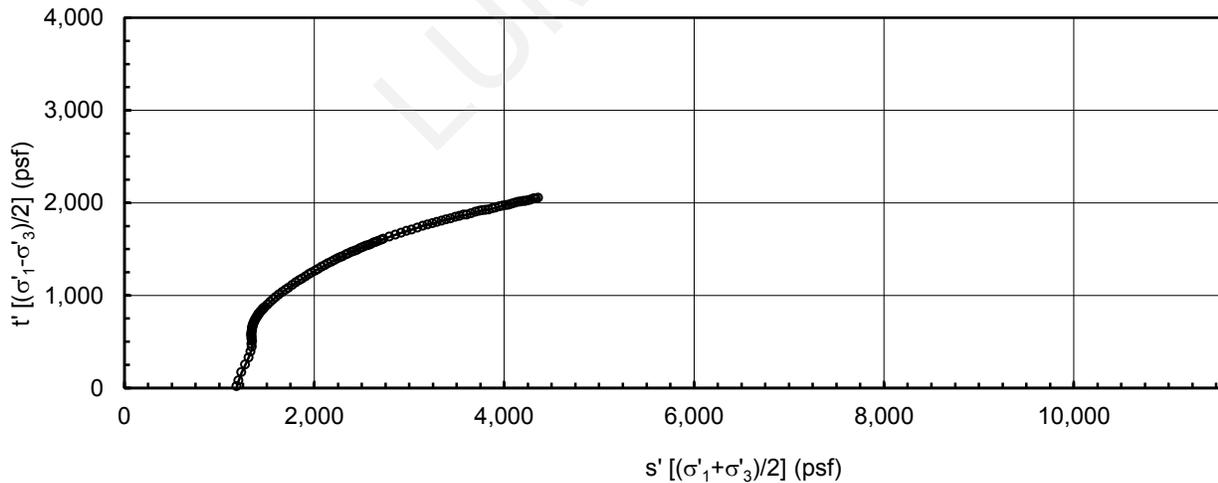
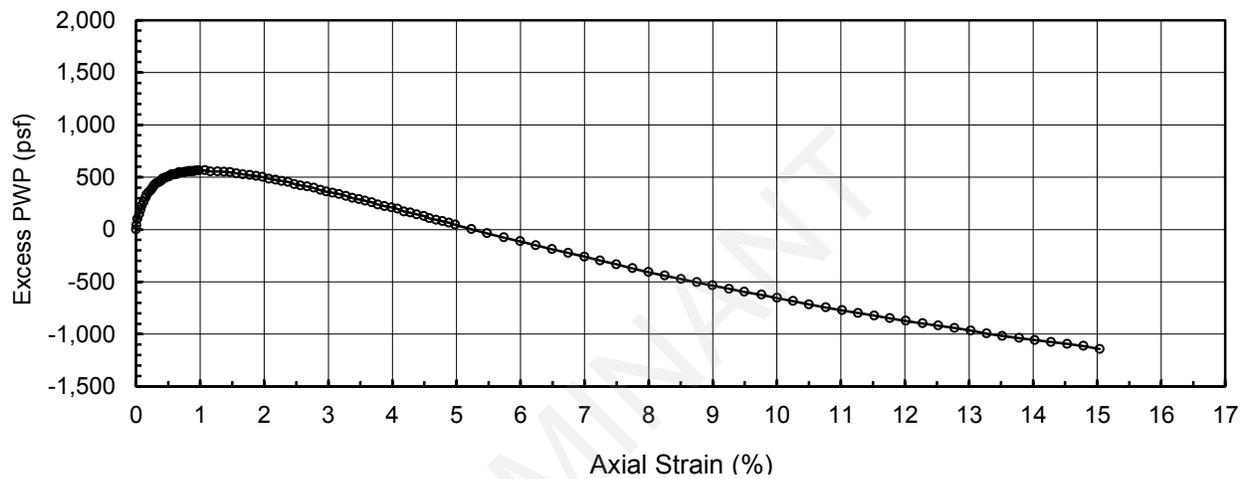
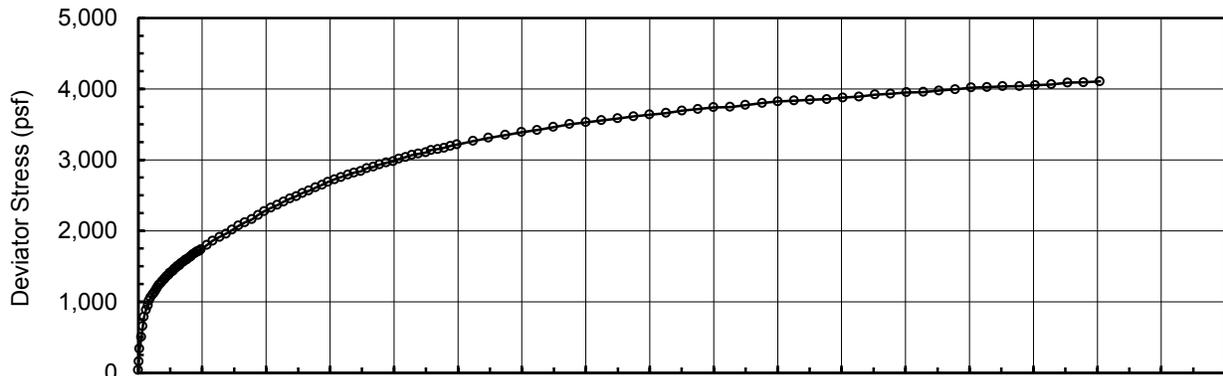
LUMINANT

Isotropically Consolidated Undrained Triaxial Test (ICU)

Project Title: Big Brown Plant, Pond Stability
Boring Number: BH-1

Project Number: 123-94128
Specimen Name: TO-8

Date: 11-Nov-12
Depth (ft): 28.0



Specimen Description: Dark Gray Sandy CLAY

Initial Specimen Diameter (inch) =	2.84	Initial Specimen Height (inch) =	5.95
Initial Water Content (%) =	15.4	Water Content at End of Test (%) =	18.4
Initial Moist Unit Weight (pcf) =	127.6	B-value =	0.98
Back Pressure (BP, psf) =	4320.0	Consolidation Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =	1165.6
Initial Lateral Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =	1165.6	Consolidation t_{50} (min) =	10
Initial Deviator Stress ($\sigma_1 - \sigma_3$, psf) =	36.4	Rebound Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =	NA
Test Strain Rate (%/hour) =	1.0	Rebound t_{50} (min) =	NA

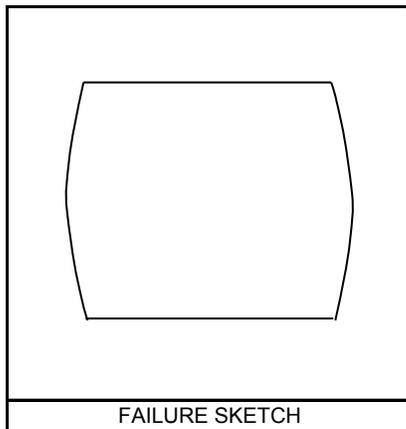
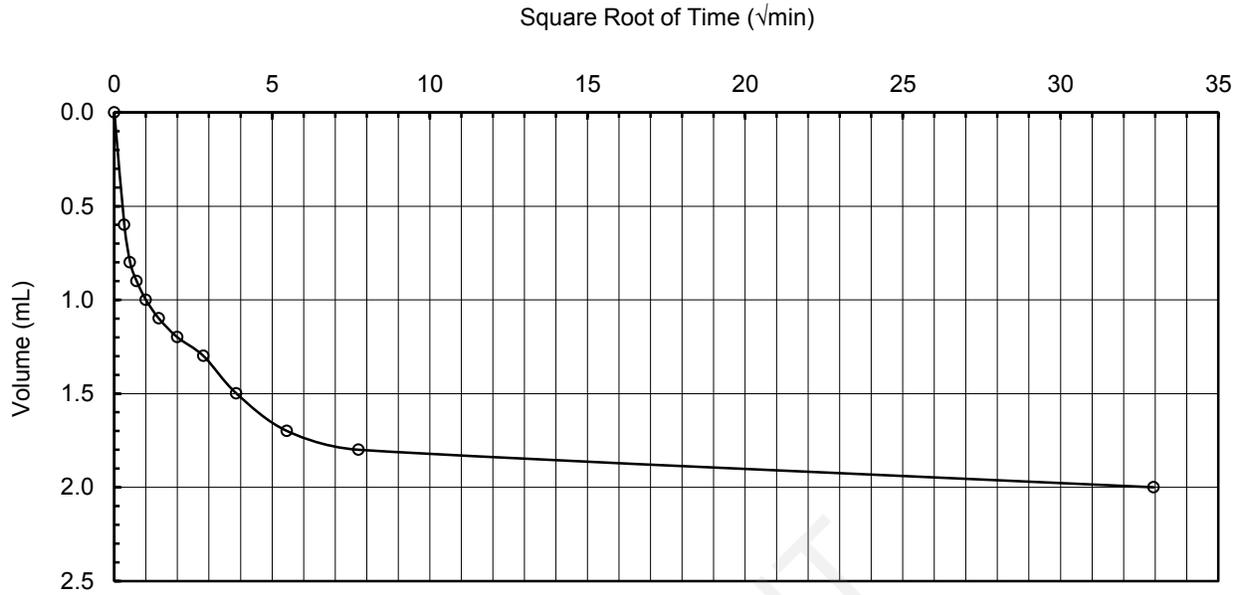
LL =	33	PI =	20	USCS	CL	Performed by Reviewed by	SBK
Comments:							PCM

Isotropically Consolidated Undrained Triaxial Test (ICU)

Project Title: Big Brown Plant, Pond Stability
Boring Number: BH-1

Project Number: 123-94128
Specimen Name: TO-8

Date: 11-Nov-12
Depth (ft): 28.0



Consolidation Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =		1165.6	
Consolidation t_{50} (min) =		10	
Consolidation Volume Change (mL) =		2.0	
Unloading Stress (psf) =		NA	
Unloading t_{50} (min) =		NA	
Unloading Volume Change (mL) =		NA	
LL =	33	PI =	20
USCS	CL		
Gs =	2.65	assumed	

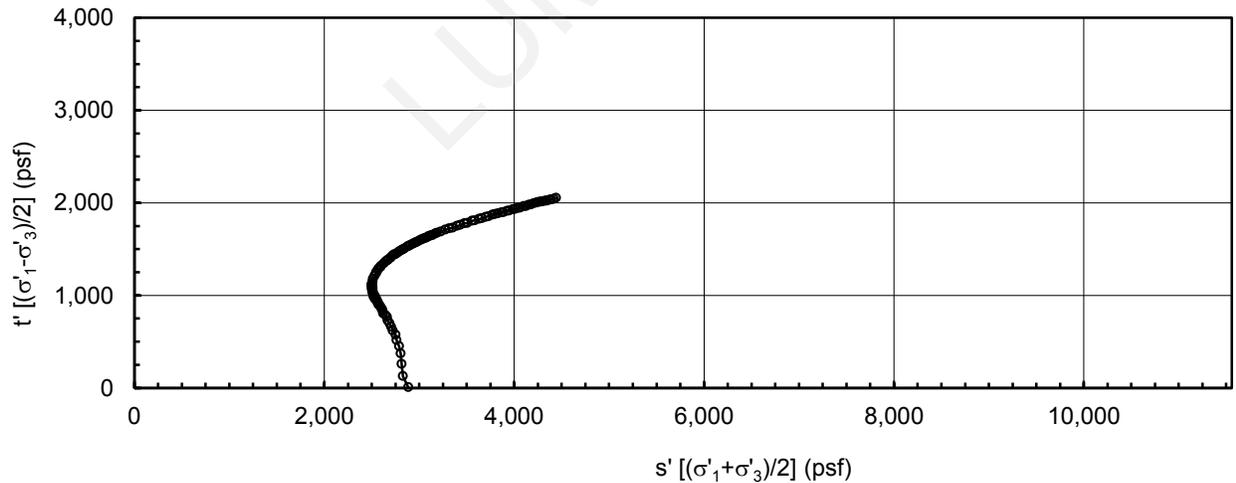
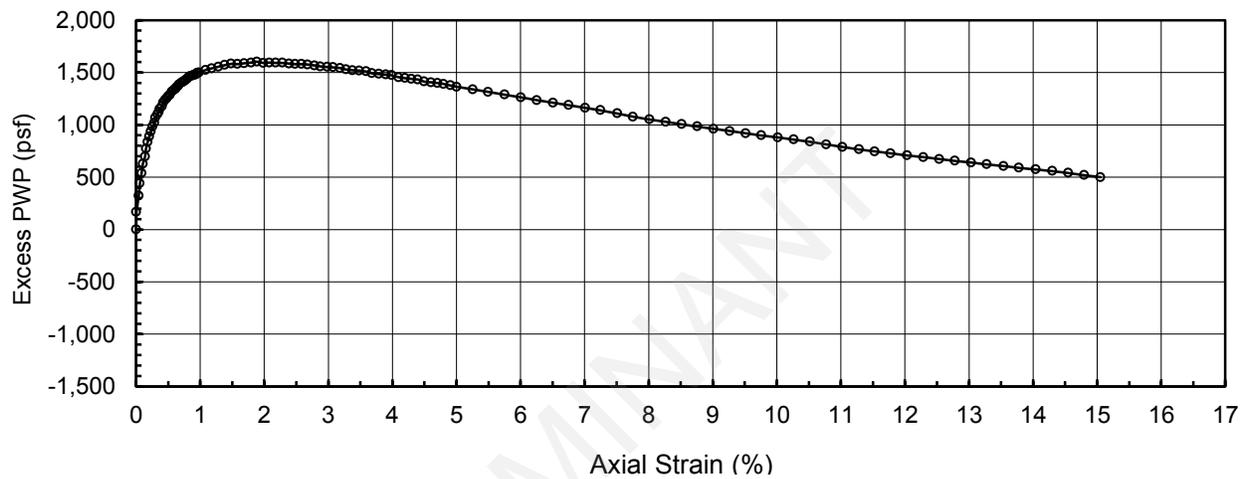
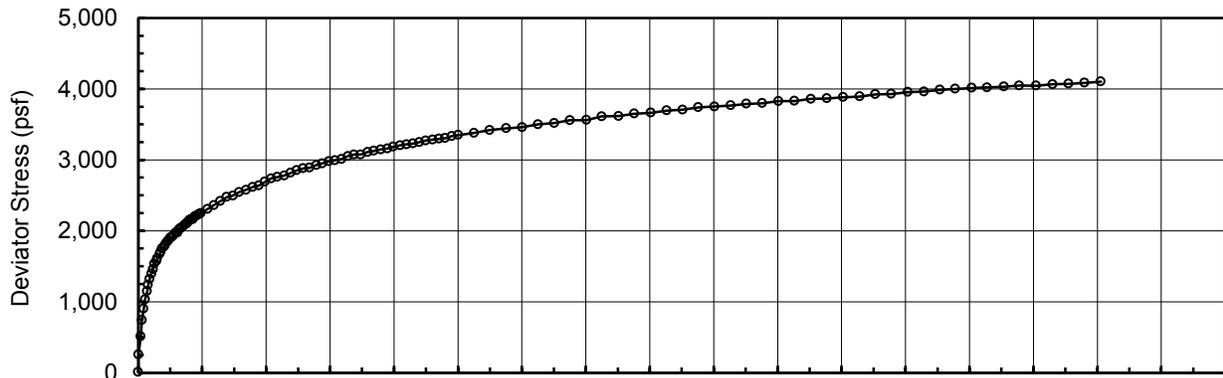
Performed by SBK
Reviewed by PCM

Isotropically Consolidated Undrained Triaxial Test (ICU)

Project Title: Big Brown Plant, Pond Stability
Boring Number: BH-1

Project Number: 123-94128
Specimen Name: TO-8

Date: 12-Nov-12
Depth (ft): 28.0



Specimen Description: Dark Gray Sandy CLAY

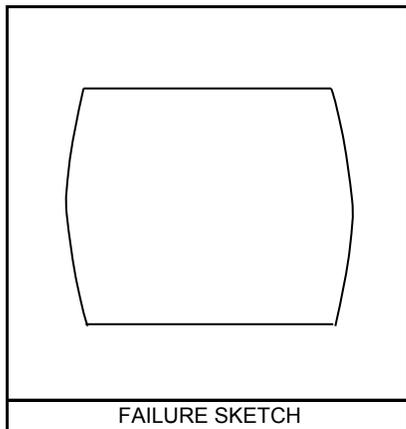
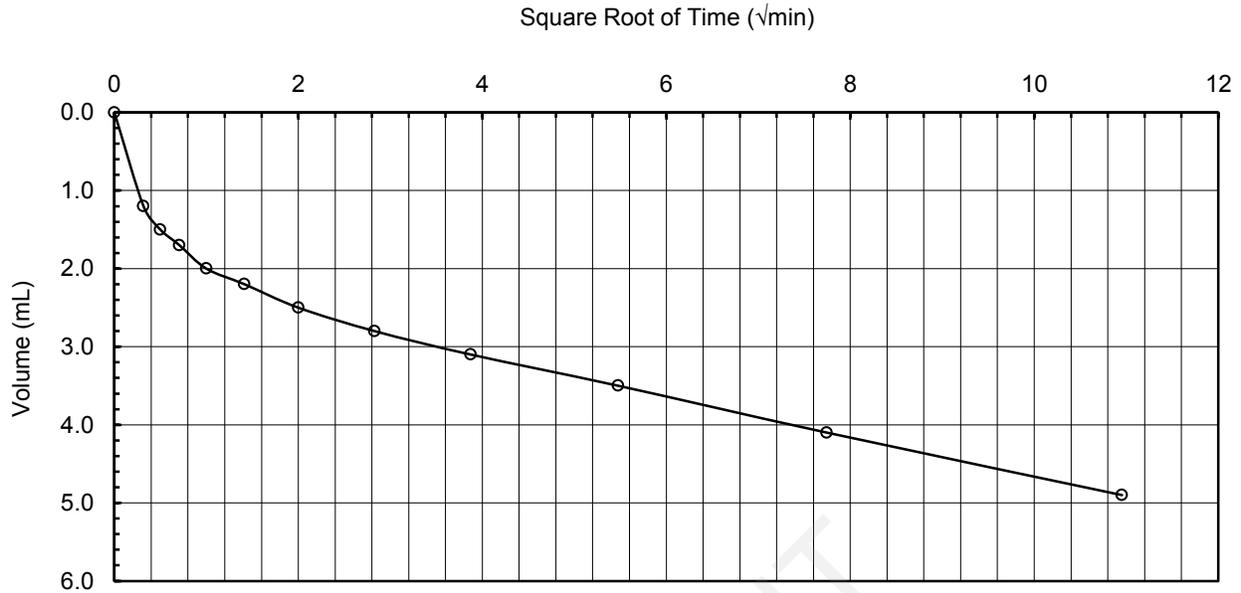
Initial Specimen Diameter (inch) =	2.83	Initial Specimen Height (inch) =	5.95
Initial Water Content (%) =	16.9	Water Content at End of Test (%) =	18.0
Initial Moist Unit Weight (pcf) =	128.7	B-value =	0.99
Back Pressure (BP, psf) =	3600.0	Consolidation Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =	2879.8
Initial Lateral Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =	2879.8	Consolidation t_{50} (min) =	3
Initial Deviator Stress ($\sigma_1 - \sigma_3$, psf) =	11.4	Rebound Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =	NA
Test Strain Rate (%/hour) =	1.0	Rebound t_{50} (min) =	NA
LL =	33	PI =	20
USCS	CL	Performed by	SBK
Comments:		Reviewed by	PCM

Isotropically Consolidated Undrained Triaxial Test (ICU)

Project Title: Big Brown Plant, Pond Stability
Boring Number: BH-1

Project Number: 123-94128
Specimen Name: TO-8

Date: 12-Nov-12
Depth (ft): 28.0



Consolidation Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =		2879.8	
Consolidation t_{50} (min) =		3	
Consolidation Volume Change (mL) =		4.9	
Unloading Stress (psf) =		NA	
Unloading t_{50} (min) =		NA	
Unloading Volume Change (mL) =		NA	
LL =	33	PI =	20
USCS	CL		
Gs =	2.65 assumed		

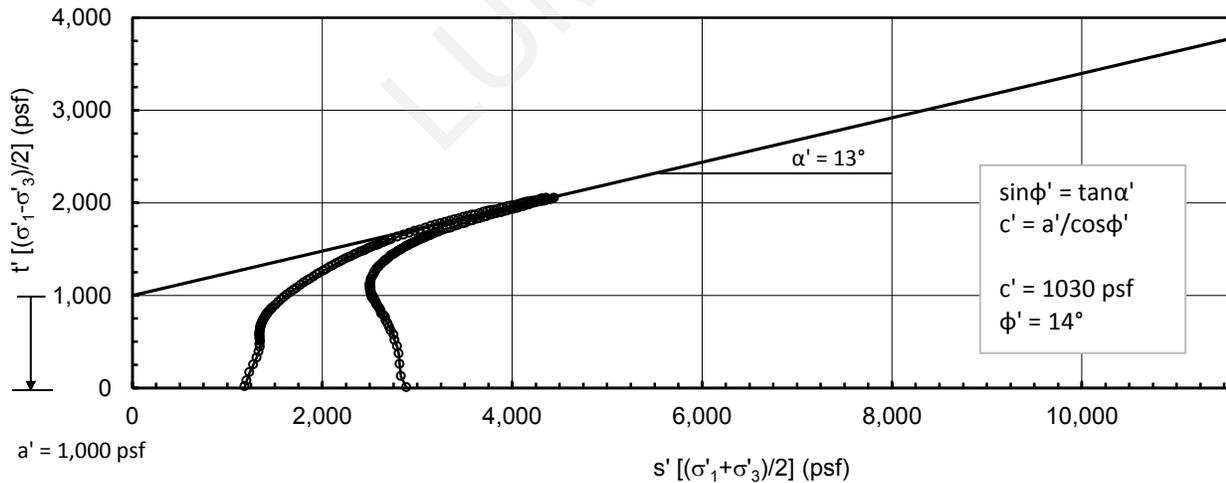
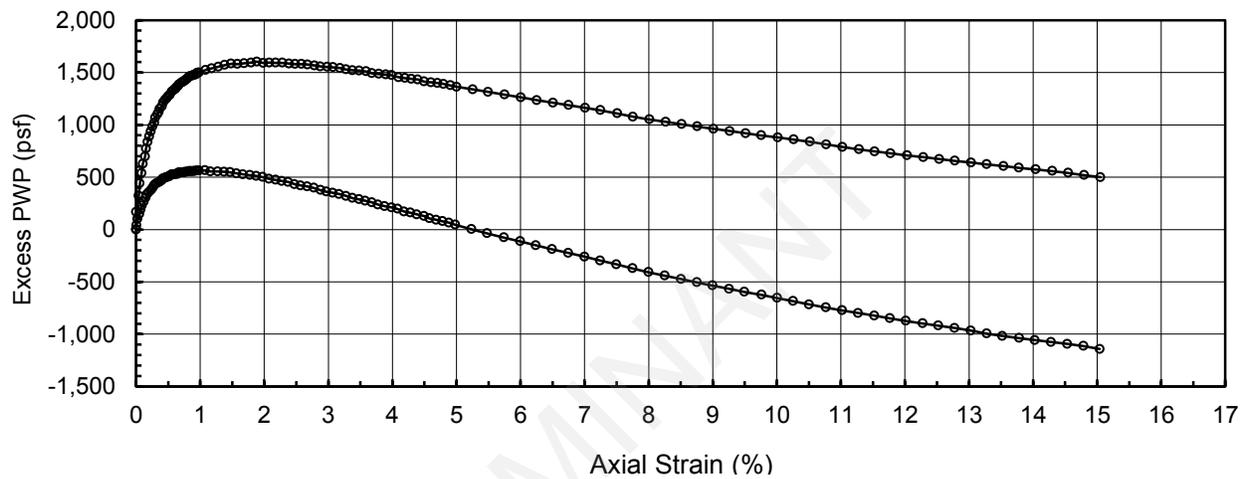
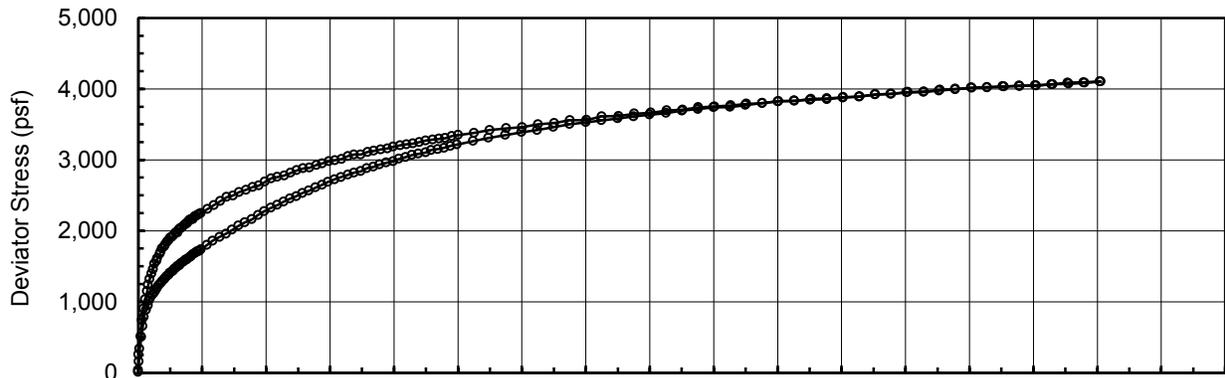
Performed by SBK
Reviewed by PCM

Isotropically Consolidated Undrained Triaxial Test (ICU)

Project Title: Big Brown Plant, Pond Stability
Boring Number: BH-1

Project Number: 123-94128
Specimen Name: TO-8

Date: 12-Nov-12
Depth (ft): 28.0



Specimen Description: Dark Gray Sandy CLAY

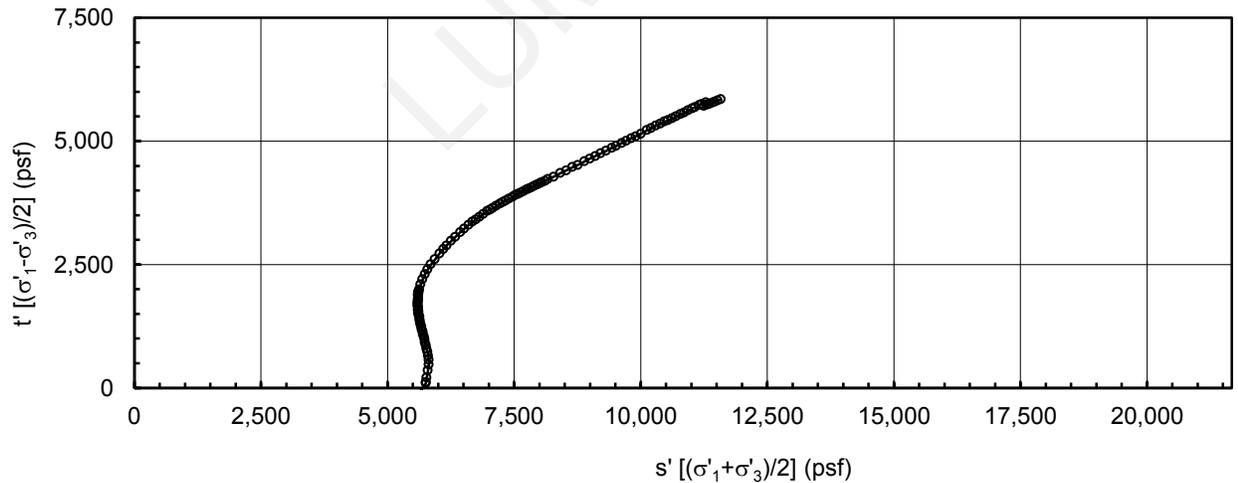
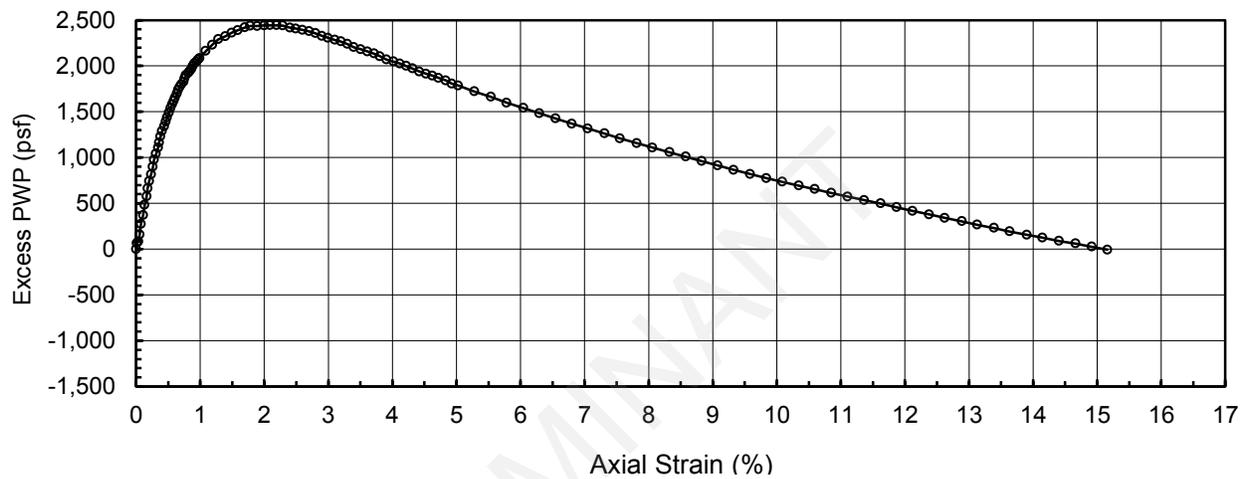
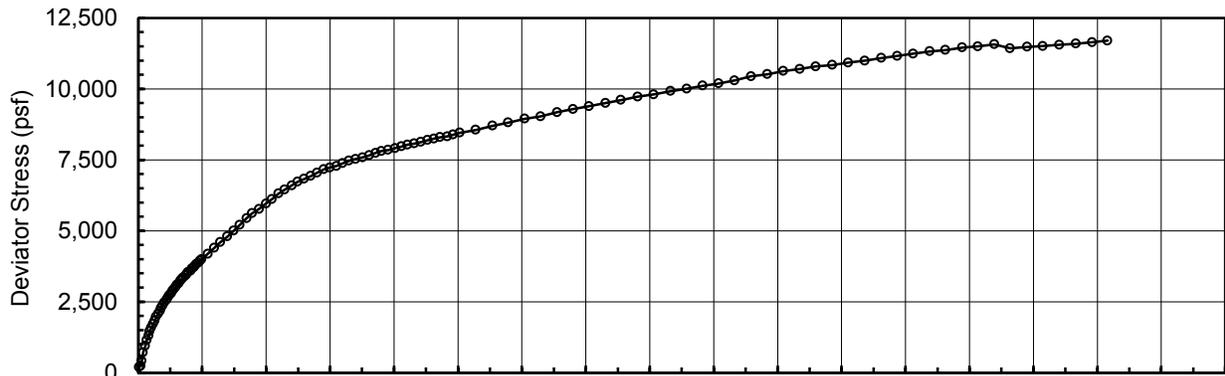
Initial Specimen Diameter (inch) =		Initial Specimen Height (inch) =	
Initial Water Content (%) =		Water Content at End of Test (%) =	
Initial Moist Unit Weight (pcf) =		B-value =	
Back Pressure (BP, psf) =		Consolidation Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =	
Initial Lateral Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =		Consolidation t_{50} (min) =	
Initial Deviator Stress ($\sigma_1 - \sigma_3$, psf) =		Rebound Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =	
Test Strain Rate (%/hour) =		Rebound t_{50} (min) =	
LL =	33	PI =	20
USCS		CL	
Comments:			Performed by SBK
			Reviewed by PCM

Isotropically Consolidated Undrained Triaxial Test (ICU)

Project Title: Big Brown Plant, Pond Stability
Boring Number: BH-1

Project Number: 123-94128
Specimen Name: TO-9

Date: 13-Nov-12
Depth (ft): 33.0



Specimen Description: Light Gray Sandy CLAY (visual classification)

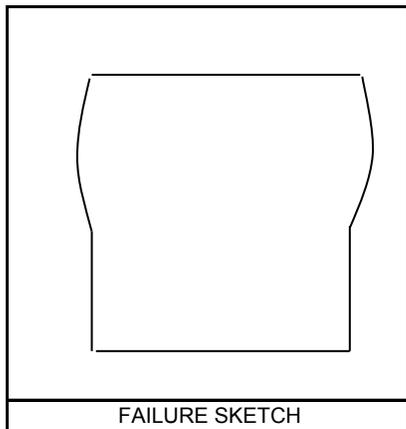
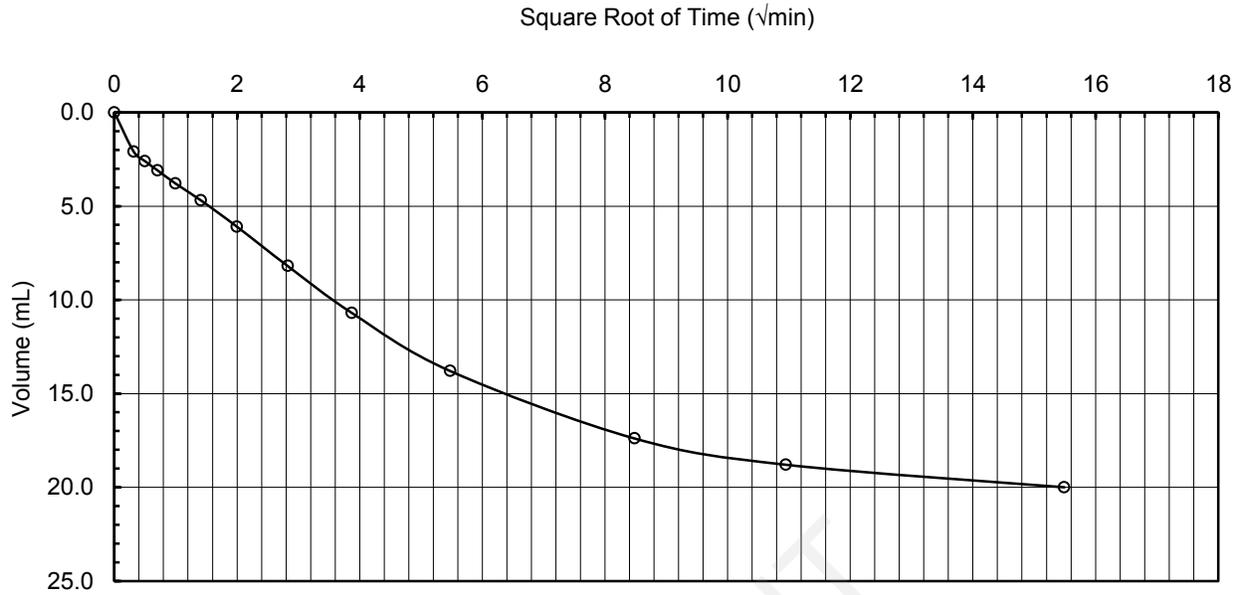
Initial Specimen Diameter (inch) =	2.83	Initial Specimen Height (inch) =	5.89
Initial Water Content (%) =	16.1	Water Content at End of Test (%) =	17.9
Initial Moist Unit Weight (pcf) =	127.4	B-value =	0.97
Back Pressure (BP, psf) =	5040.0	Consolidation Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =	5717.7
Initial Lateral Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =	5717.7	Consolidation t_{50} (min) =	11
Initial Deviator Stress ($\sigma_1 - \sigma_3$, psf) =	-164.7	Rebound Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =	NA
Test Strain Rate (%/hour) =	1.0	Rebound t_{50} (min) =	NA
LL =		PI =	
	USCS		(CL)
Comments:			Performed by SBK
			Reviewed by PCM

Isotropically Consolidated Undrained Triaxial Test (ICU)

Project Title: Big Brown Plant, Pond Stability
Boring Number: BH-1

Project Number: 123-94128
Specimen Name: TO-9

Date: 13-Nov-12
Depth (ft): 33.0



Consolidation Stress (σ'_3 , psf) =		5717.7	
Consolidation t_{50} (min) =		11	
Consolidation Volume Change (mL) =		20.0	
Unloading Stress (psf) =		NA	
Unloading t_{50} (min) =		NA	
Unloading Volume Change (mL) =		NA	
LL =		PI =	
USCS	(CL)		
Gs =	2.65	assumed	

Performed by SBK
Reviewed by PCM

APPENDIX D
SLOPE STABILITY ANALYSIS RESULTS

LUMINANT

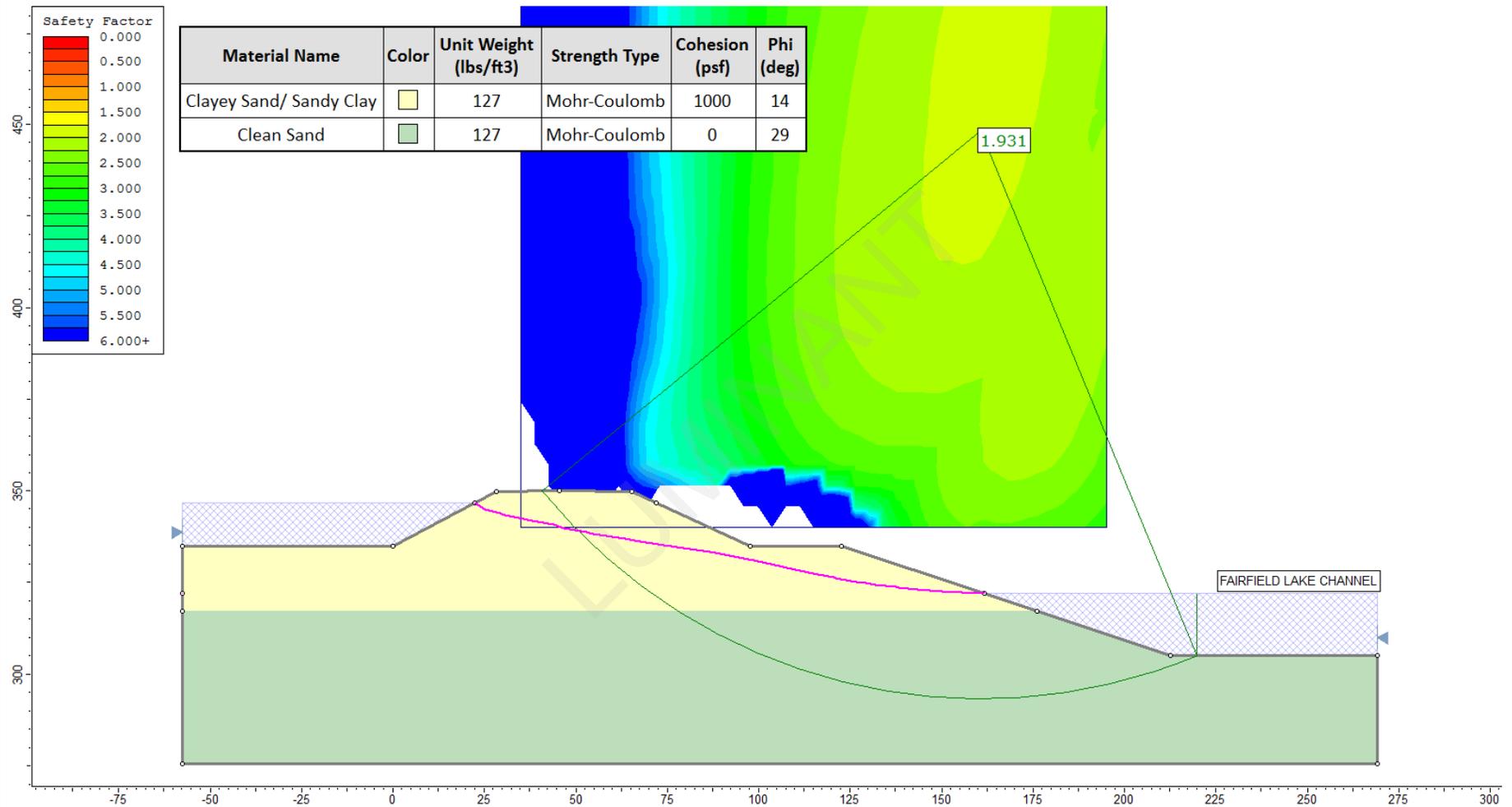


FIGURE D.1
Results of Stability Analysis – BAP: A–A' – Case 1a
 Stability and Safety Factor Assessment, Big Brown SES

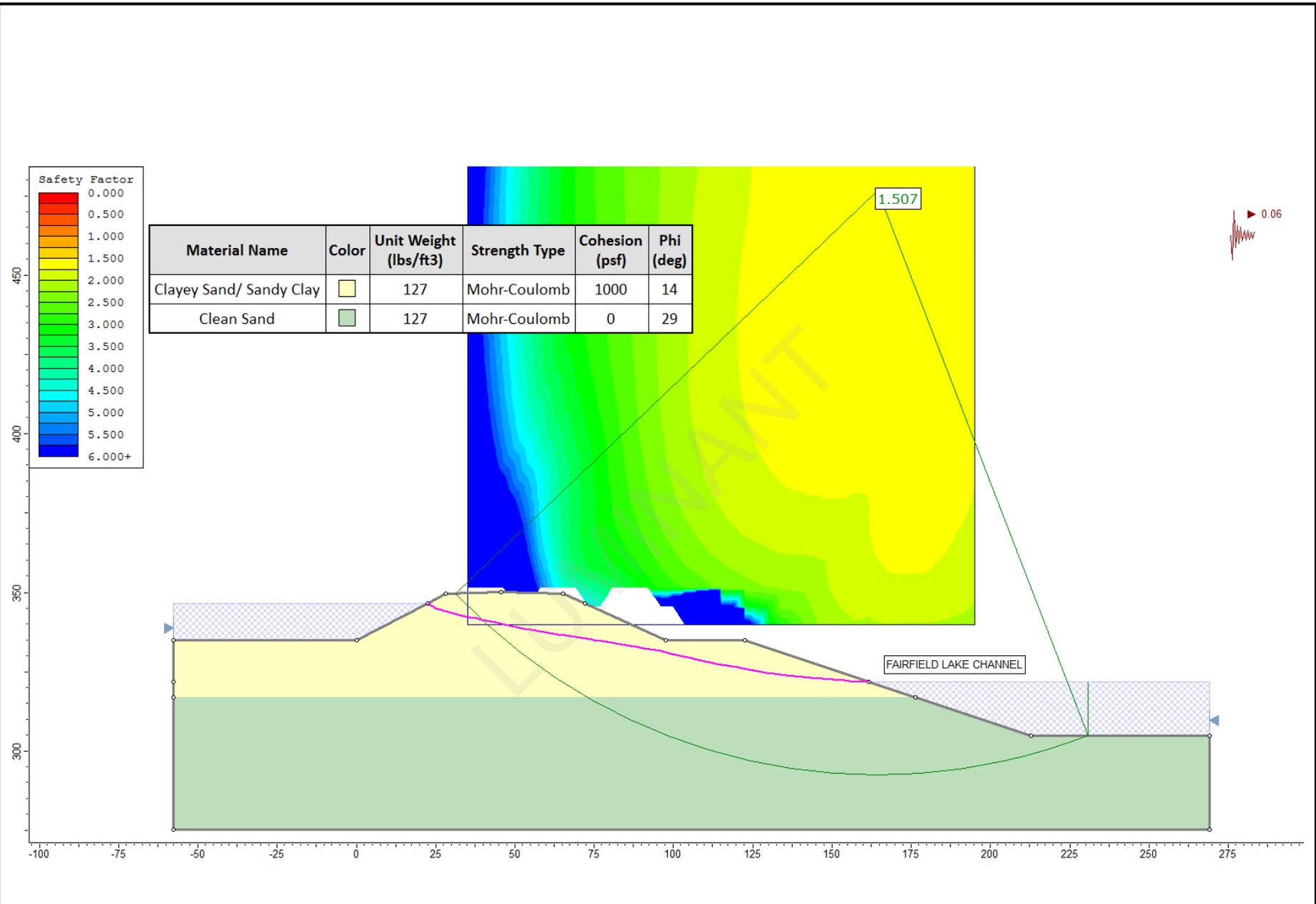


FIGURE D.2
Results of Stability Analysis – BAP: A-A' – Case 1b

Stability and Safety Factor Assessment, Big Brown SES

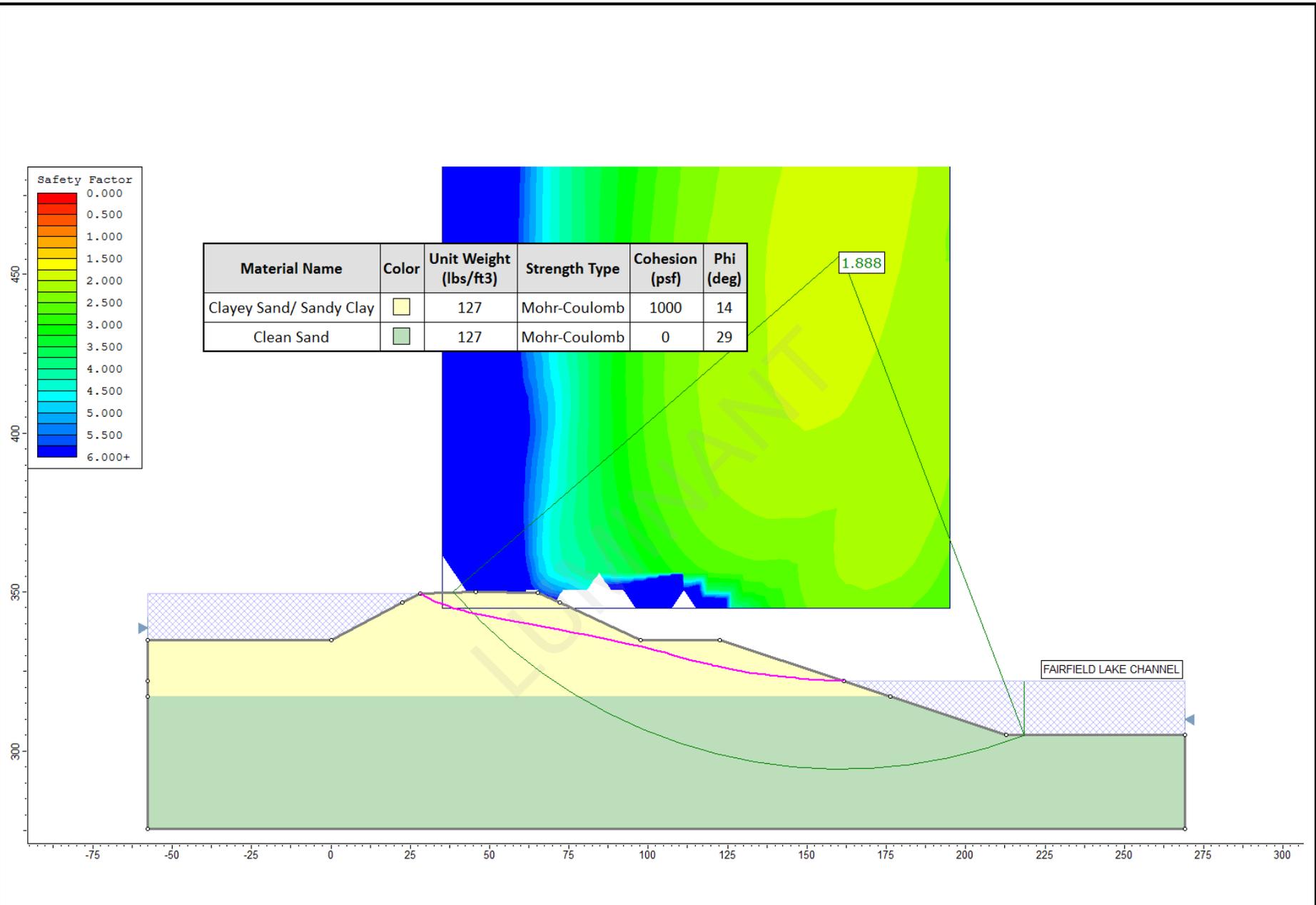


FIGURE D.3
Results of Stability Analysis – BAP: A–A' – Case 2a
 Stability and Safety Factor Assessment, Big Brown SES

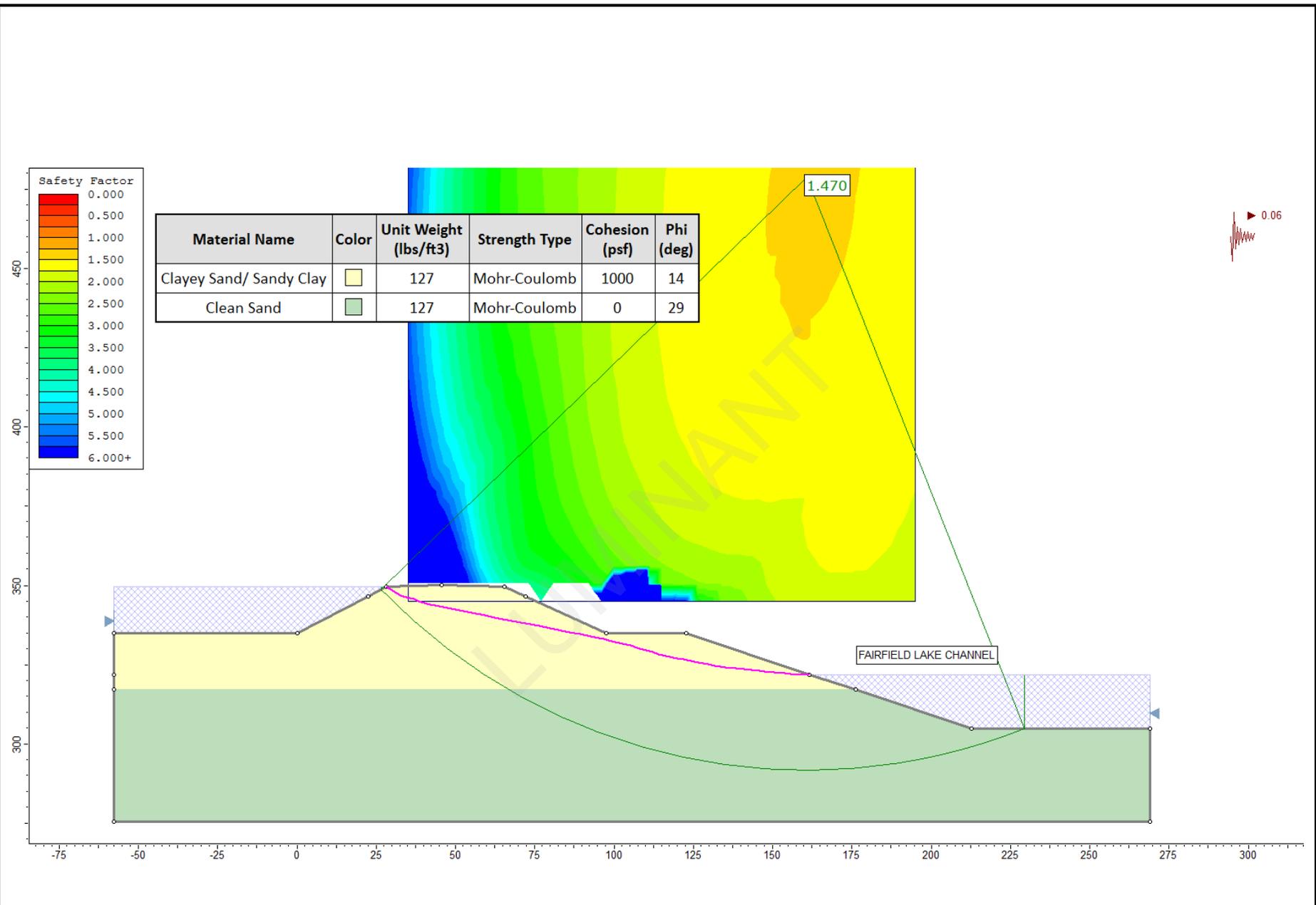
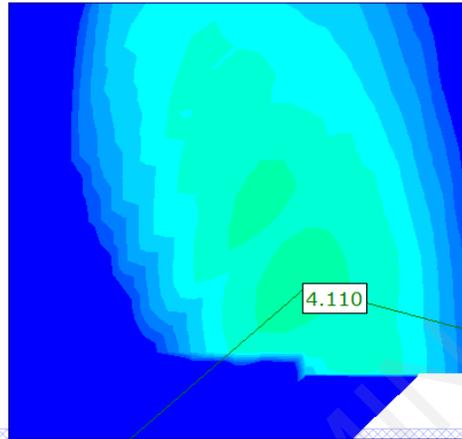
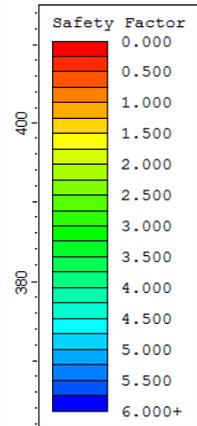


FIGURE D.4
Results of Stability Analysis – BAP: A-A' – Case 2b

Stability and Safety Factor Assessment, Big Brown SES



Material Name	Color	Unit Weight (lbs/ft3)	Strength Type	Cohesion (psf)	Phi (deg)
Clayey Sand/ Sandy Clay	Yellow	127	Mohr-Coulomb	1000	14
Clean Sand	Green	127	Mohr-Coulomb	0	29

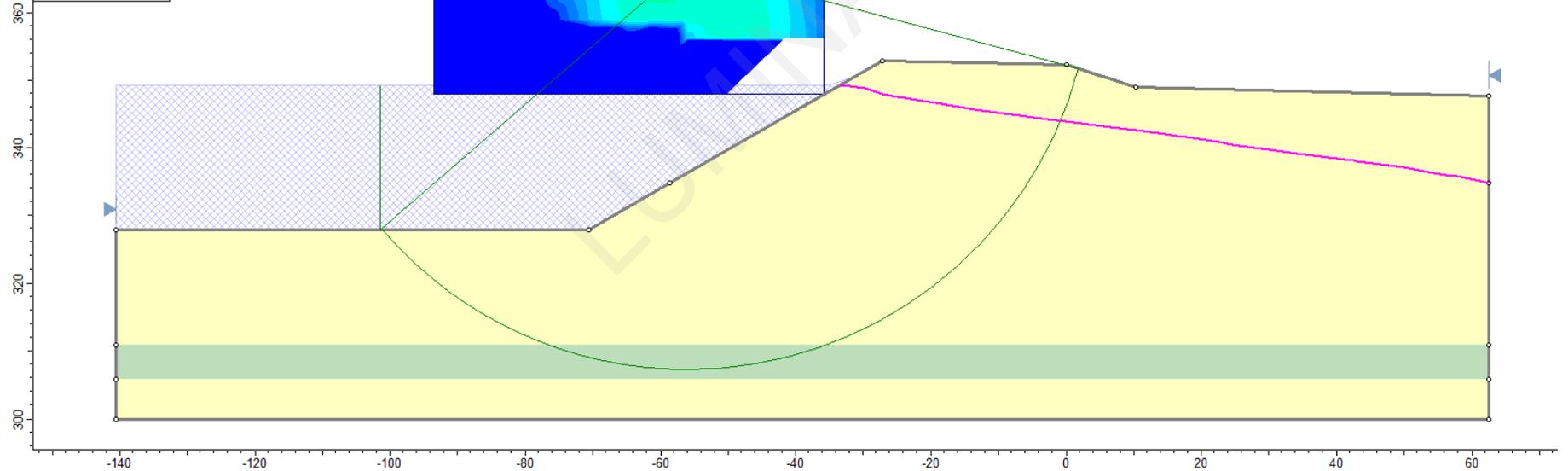
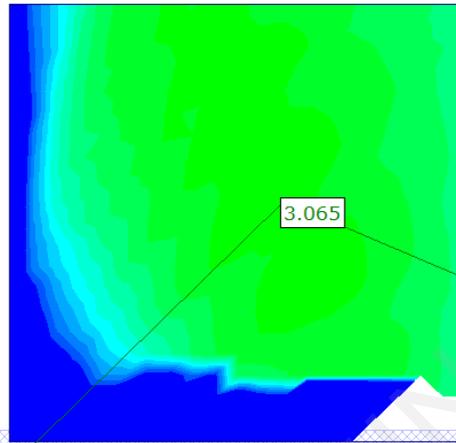
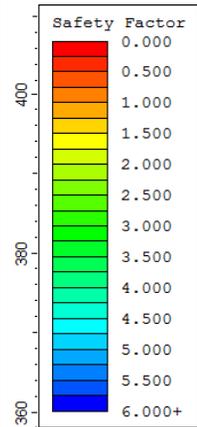


FIGURE D.5
Results of Stability Analysis – BAP: B-B' – Case 3a
 Stability and Safety Factor Assessment, Big Brown SES



Material Name	Color	Unit Weight (lbs/ft ³)	Strength Type	Cohesion (psf)	Phi (deg)
Clayey Sand/ Sandy Clay		127	Mohr-Coulomb	1000	14
Clean Sand		127	Mohr-Coulomb	0	29

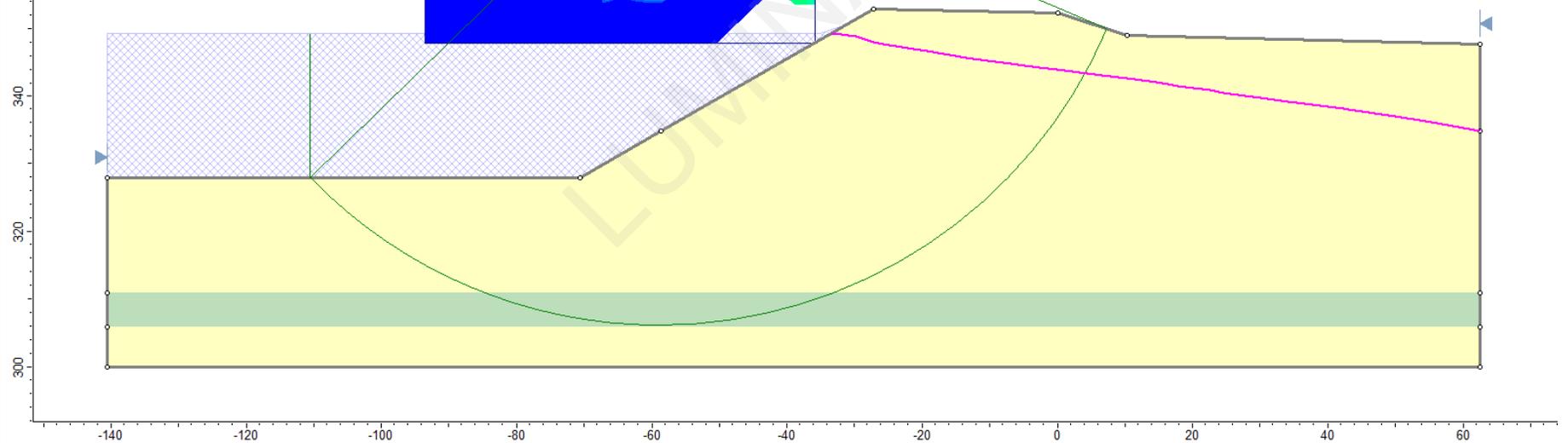
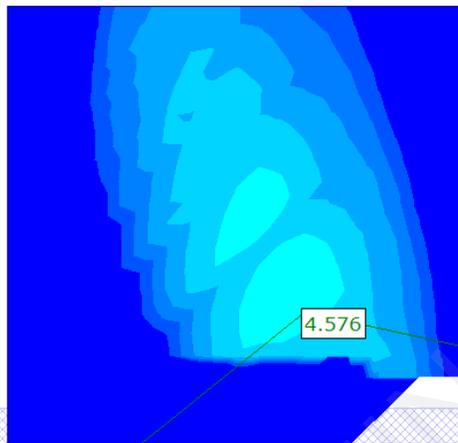
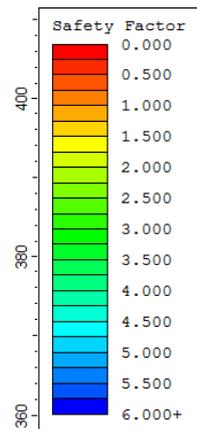


FIGURE D.6
Results of Stability Analysis – BAP: B–B' – Case 3b
 Stability and Safety Factor Assessment, Big Brown SES



Material Name	Color	Unit Weight (lbs/ft ³)	Strength Type	Cohesion (psf)	Phi (deg)
Clayey Sand/ Sandy Clay	Yellow	127	Mohr-Coulomb	1000	14
Clean Sand	Green	127	Mohr-Coulomb	0	29

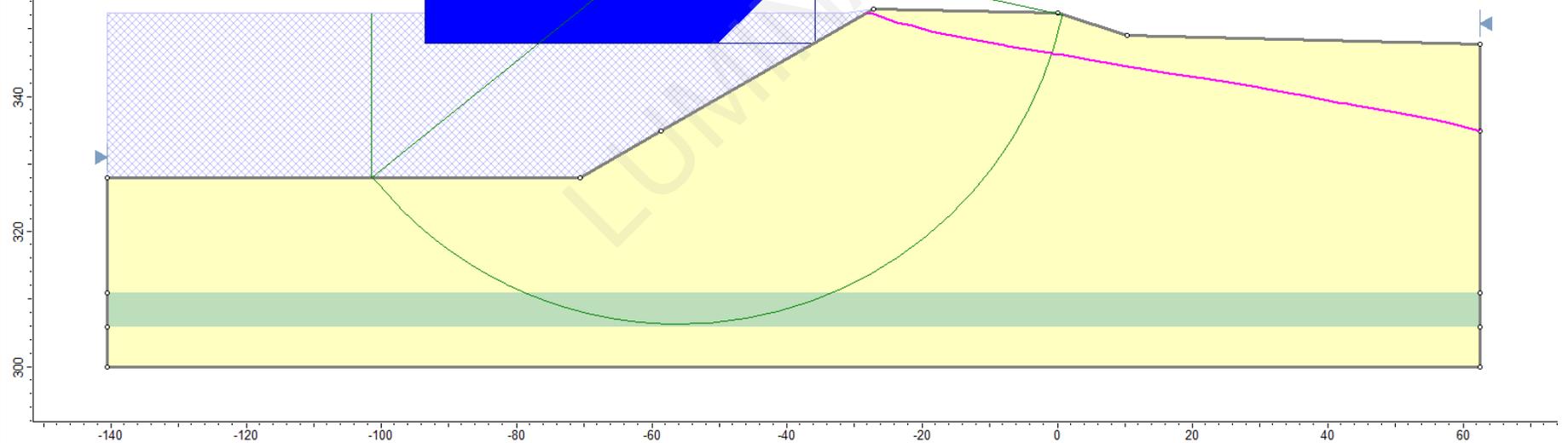
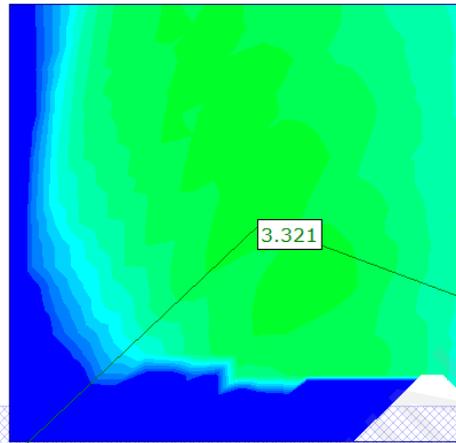
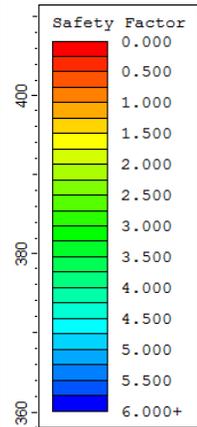


FIGURE D.7
Results of Stability Analysis – BAP: B-B' – Case 4a
 Stability and Safety Factor Assessment, Big Brown SES



Material Name	Color	Unit Weight (lbs/ft ³)	Strength Type	Cohesion (psf)	Phi (deg)
Clayey Sand/ Sandy Clay		127	Mohr-Coulomb	1000	14
Clean Sand		127	Mohr-Coulomb	0	29

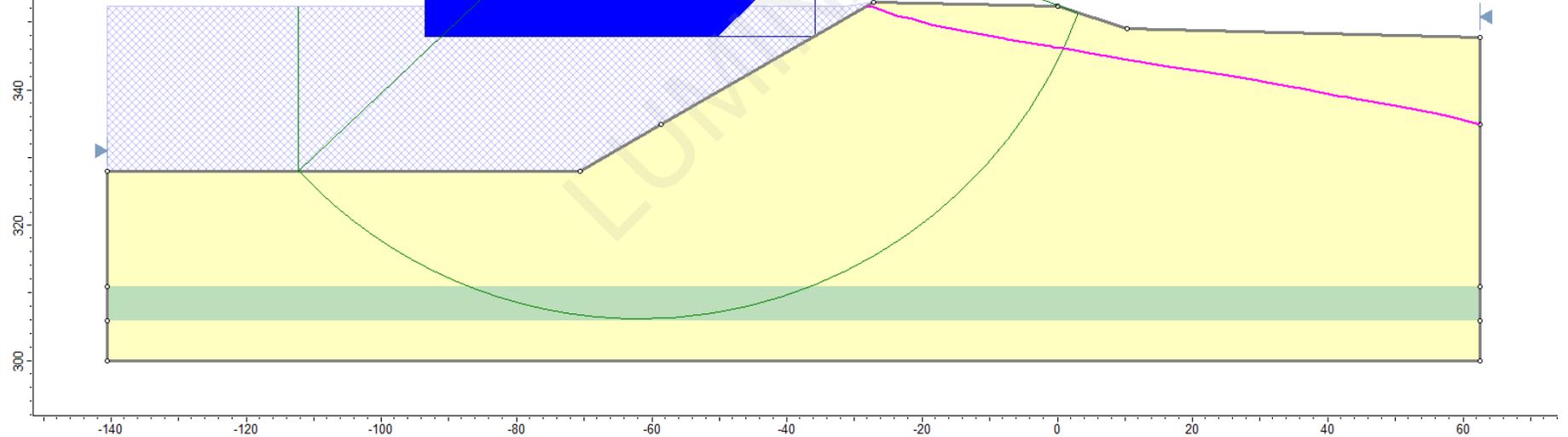
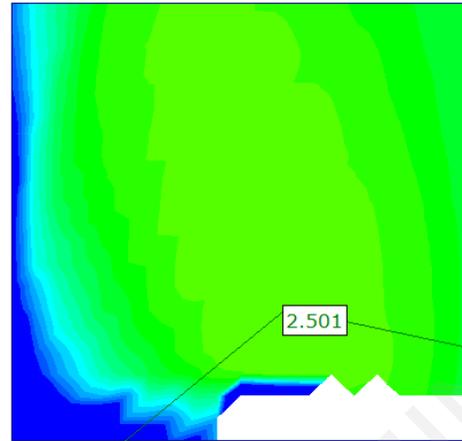
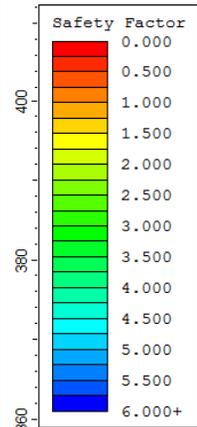


FIGURE D.8
Results of Stability Analysis – BAP: B-B' – Case 4b
 Stability and Safety Factor Assessment, Big Brown SES



Material Name	Color	Unit Weight (lbs/ft ³)	Sat. Unit Weight (lbs/ft ³)	Strength Type	Cohesion (psf)	Phi (deg)
Clayey Sand/ Sandy Clay		127	132	Mohr-Coulomb	1000	14
Clean Sand		127	132	Mohr-Coulomb	0	29

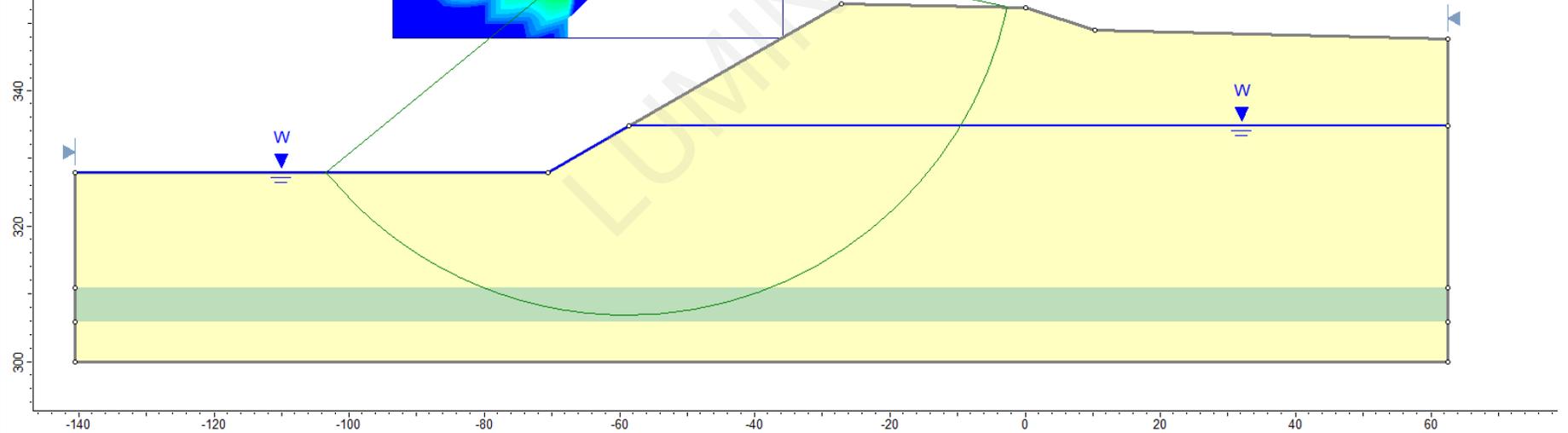


FIGURE D.9
Results of Stability Analysis – BAP: B-B' – Case 5a

Stability and Safety Factor Assessment, Big Brown SES

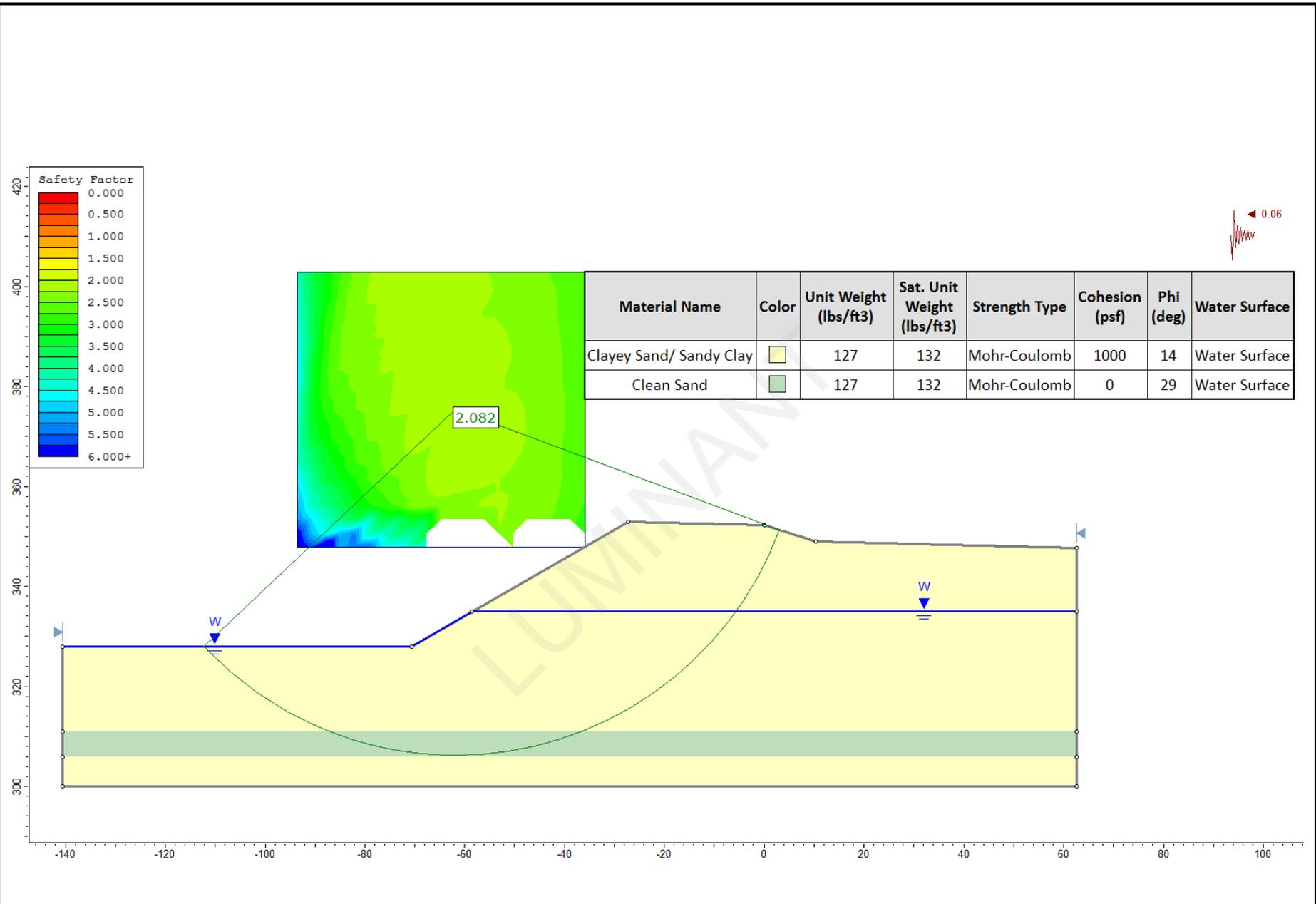


FIGURE D.10
Results of Stability Analysis – BAP: B–B' – Case 5b

Stability and Safety Factor Assessment, Big Brown SES

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